CBAA Convention caused embarrassment

The 1984 Annual Convention of the CBAA (Christian Bookselling Association of Australia) was held in the convention facilities of the AIC at the Randwick Racecourse, August 27-30. In opening convention, the Chairman of the Organization Committee, Jeff Blair of Anzea Bookhouse, claimed, "Judging by the numbers participating, this could be our best yet!

"This convention is turning out to be a very nice embarrassment for the Organizing Committee," said Mr. Blair. "We have expanded into three Convention Halls, to provide space for all trade exhibitions. An excessive mber of delegates has meant a change of venues for breakfast, and buses have had to be provided, to transport delegates from the extra motels needed for accommodation!

minars have been fully booked out and will play a very important part of this

Seminars were held during the week at a number of venues throughout the grounds. Subjects covered included, "Are Computers the Answer" by computer consultant, Arthur Foote; "Train Your Volunteers" by Mary Williamson, Ida Webb and Eileen Middleton, all experienced booksellers; "Getting Beyond the Store - Promotion" by Rolf and Kent Garborg of the Zondervan Corporation USA: "The Bookseller's Headache — Copyright" by President of the CBAA, Howard Whitehouse, Manager of CMS Bookstores; "How to Sell Bibles" by Joe Ritchie and the Vice-President of Thomas Nelson Publishers and "Evaluating and Selling Children's Books" by Keswick-Su worker Rhona Smith of

Kevin Engel of the ACLS (Australian Christian Literature Society) led a seminar on "Bookstore Budgeting". "Originally I had limited the number of participants to 15," said Mr. Engel, "Instead we had to cater for over 40 people. All vitally interested and concerned with the

Arthur Middleton's seminar on "Display in the Small Bookstore" was also popula as bookshop workers were keen to learn something of the practicalities involved in making a bookshop bright and attractive

A video tape from the CBA (Christian Booksellers' Association) in America, on the subject "Ins and Outs of Reference Books" was highly recommended as a seminar subject and was shown in two parts, as the video ran for two hours.

Wednesday night's seminar, "Running a Church Bookstall" was chaired by Dr. Paul White, the "Jungle Doctor", who kept the program moving and interesting "by asking awkward questions of the panel'. Members of the panel were Dr. and Mrs. Paul White, Alister Stott and Janet Prosser. All are involved in onducting bookstalls in their own

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churches, or supplying suitable material

Special guests included Clifford Warne of the Anglican Television Society, who presented the opening "pace setting" address. His subject was "Reading is Fundamental", was well illustrated and highly factual. He emphasised the modern day use of cassettes and especially the cassette recordings of actor Ron Hadrick reading the Good News

"In this day and age of the electronic media, is reading still fundamental?" asked Mr. Warne. "I believe it is! Some have said that radio is the best way to reach people. Both radio and television have strengths and weaknesses.

"Yet with the written word it is erent. You can go back over and over the material, especially if it is full of information and knowlege. I believe — reading is fundamental!"

Over 300 delegates and staff were then suppliers. Goods ranged from the latest in publications, which included the life of Peter Daniels on the House of Tabor stand, to attractively printed baby feeders, singlets and panties, all displaying such Gospel thoughts as "Jesus

Overseas wholesale supplier, BPH Society Ltd from New Zealand, also displayed a wide range of attractive wall ornaments and plaques.

At the closing dinner, the guest artist was Joni Aereckson Tada, at present on an Australian Tour organized by Christian Youth Travel. Her testimony and that of her husband Ken Tada, told of the difficulties and triumphs experienced by Joni, a quadraplegic, and Ken, an understanding husband of two years.

Their open and forthright presentation gave the 400 guests present, something to think about especially through the impact of the Scriptures, which is something those present knew about. They sell the scriptures in book, video, cassette and ornamental forms.

At the closing dinner the 1984 Awards were made for the Australian Christian Book of the Year, "The Tyranny of Time" by Robert Banks (Lancer Books, publisher) and the Christian Bookshop of the Year, the SU Bookshop in Perth,

leff Blair of the Anzea Bookhouse Ltd. which includes Lancer Books, accepted the award for the Book of the Year from the Secretary of the Australian Christian Literature Society, Dr. John Wilson of Ridley College, Melbourne.

Ron Buckland, the National Director of the Scripture Union in Australia, accepted the S. John Bacon Award for the Best Christian Bookshop, from Rohan Bacon, whose grandfather S. John Bacon opened one of the first Christian Bookshops in Australia and whose father, John F. Bacon was the prime motivator to form the Ramon Williams

Westminster Confession cont.

with the declaratory articles, unpacking, as it were, their implications. The articles speak about "subordinate standards" in the plural, without specifying them about a "principal subordinate standard," implying others. Do these proposals weaken the Church's confessional standpoint? No, they strengthen it

Catholic ministry

What has guided the Panel's thinking in

First, the Presbytery replies. Secondly, the concern for godly discipline in matters of doctine — emphatically not a concern for heresy hunts or curbing liberty of opinion, however much the whole subject has emerged out of certain unhappy cases in the past. We call for honesty in the Church.

Thirdly, and postively, the concern is to declare to the world and or sister Churches what we are. We are not just seventeenth century Fresbyterians. Our oots are there, but we are more. We are reeds of the whole Church, as well as the more didactic confessions of the Reformed churches which spell out our

Finally, but most important, we are concerned about ordination. When a Presbytery ordains a man or woman of the holy ministry, it is not just a Presbyterian body ordaining someone to a Presbyterian ministry. The Presbytery is pars pro toto. The whole catholic Church in the person of the Presbytery lays hands on this person, and he or she is set apar to be a minister in the one universal Church of Jesus Christ, to be the nouthpiece, not just of Presbyterian or declare to the world we have a catholic ministry, which we ask others to recognise as such. Therefore, let us use the Nicene Creed in ordination as well as the Westminster Confession of Faith

The concern of the Panel on Doctrine nulae - more human statements! to the Westminster Confession of Faith, but by means of the great doxological creeds of the Church to declare joyfully to the world our faith in the triune God and the incarnation, while preserving our Reformed confessions for teaching purposes.

The Winter Appeal

A hand outstretched

The Archbishop of Sydney's Winter Appeal is still working hard at meeting real needs in our community. Meeting needs, giving hope, and seeing changed

Elizabeth is one such person. She and small housing commission cottage in Waterloo, Her husband, who had "done who have been given to foster parents

Managing a budget with debts to Elizabeth called on her local Anglican minister when her electricity was about to be cut off. Through the Winter Appeal,

financial help and counselling was given. Behind this particular situation lurked the fear of a return to alcholism, and this in turn needed special attention.

For those like Elizabeth, surviving from week to week on a pension is a real struggle. Personal dignity often prevents them from bearing themselves and their needs before others. There are many who disadvantages with little practical and

For some it may be as simple as a small payment to cover rent or electricity bills. For others, the need might be for food or clothing. Whatever the situation, it is good to know that so many in need have been offered help — and hope through Anglican parishes and agencies

Vinay-Samuel on Transformation

St. Stephen's Anglican Church at Normanhurst is hosting a visit to Sydney by Rev. Vinay and Colleen Samuel from Bangalore in India. St. Stephen's has had a close association with the church in Bangalore for the past 4 years and this is the 2nd time the Samuels have visited the

Vinay, a recognised leader of the 3rd world Church and a much sought after

Asia will lead a Consultation on Transformation at St. Stephen's on 1st, 2nd, 3rd October to share in the life of the congregation on Sunday and during the week.

The Consultation is open to interested people of all denominations and enquiries are welcome on (02) 487 3730.

Scottish "bishop" contd.

which it stems that there can be no higher office than that of minister of a

Thirdly, "his role would be more than that of presiding at meetings" — he would be "called to ministerial leadership in the whole life of the Church in this

This, clearly, raises questions not only about the relative authority of the parish minister, but also regarding the position of the Presbytery itself as the responsible Church court in the area.

Fourthly, we come round — not very subtly — to the need for a college of bishops. The precise form that this is to take is recognised as a subject that will have to be discussed, though why the discussing could not have been engaged in during these four years of discussing is not explained. It is no optional extra—it is vital to the whole case.

Once you get this length, as anyone can see, it's the authority of the General Assembly that is at stake. With whom is the last word to lie — with the bishops or with presbyters? I don't think that

Adjustments

If we are to achieve constitutional unity If we are to achieve constitutional unity with Anglicans we must have bishops, and if we are to have bishops the ongoing are the minimum requirements to get the process started. These will be enough to have known it. That I think, is a perfectly

But why dress it all up in this camouflage of "just a permanent Moderator of Presbyerty"? Either the commission doesn't really understand what Presbyterianism is all about or it thinks it can "pull a fast one". I don't find

It will not have escaped attention that all of this stems from the proposition, "if we are to achieve constitutional union with the Anglicans." Let it be that we see this as God's will for us, are we satisfied that He sees it as our first priority for Today? For myself I cannot believe this to be so. Is there any reason why I shouldn't live on terms of friendly co-operation and good neighbourliness with the lady across the landing without needing to marry her and move in?



The Australian CHURCH RECORD

The "Puddle" that became a stream

Trade Union roots in Christian farmers, Celebrating the Tolpuddle Martyrs

Trade Unions and the Churches jointly sponsored a unique Celebration in the Sydney Town Hall on Friday 14th September. It was the 150th Anniversary of the Tolpuddle Martyrs. The six Martyrs were sentenced to seven years as convicts in Australia in 1834 for forming a Trade Union.

The Ensemble Theatre presented a drama: "The Tolpuddle Six" which was produced by Sandra Bates. Specially written by Tony Morphett it re-enacted the trial of the six men in England.

The three speakers were the Honorable R.J. Mulock, Deputy Premier of New South Wales, Mr. Cliff Dolan, President of the Australian Council of Trade Unions and the Rev. Alan Walker, Director of World Evangelism for the World Methodist Council.

Mr. Mulock said:

"What was the motivating force behind the Tolpuddle Martyrs? Very clearly their care and concern for other fellow farm

Idealism in today's world must often be

always to keep the ideal before us as our highest aim, then we will never divert to accepting baser, less worthy goals. One of the basest elements of human

nature, whether in individuals or in If we can hold fast to care and concern for others, then that idealism will always prevent us from falling into acts of

selfishness and the ills that come from

Union Leaders to be always on their guard and keep clearly before them the proper ideals so that they will not fall into falsley recognising self-interest for nothing than what it is!



The Revd Alan Walker said:

"The Tolpuddle Martyrs link togethe two great forces in the modern world: Christian Church and the Trade Union Church and the rise of Trade Unic

The Martyrs were motivated by the Continued back page

Liberalism shrivels as **Evangelicalism resurges**

the Church is to have a future. It was the conclusion of Dr. Kenneth Kantzer, President of Trinity Evangelical Divinity School in Deerfield, Illinois, as he delivered the eighth annual Moore College Lecture series.



Dr. Kenneth Kantzer

Dr. Kantzer was lecturing on the topic: "Reformation Theology at the End of the Twentieth Century". The former editor of Christianity Today spoke at length about the views of the Reformers concentrating on John Calvin and, to a lesser degree, Martin Luther. He contrasted these with the views of the great theologians of this century, concentrating particularly on Karl Barth. Dr. Kantzer did this in four topic areas. — Faith and Evidences, the Trinity, Justification by Faith and the Bible.

Throughout the lectures Dr. Kantzei pointed to the poverty of much modern theology. He showed that the reformers were the ones who had come to grips with the Bible and who still had something to offer to today's Church.

the future of the Church. Basing his comments on the American scene and, to a lesser extent on Europe he left his audience to make the necessary paralle with Australia. Dr. Kantzer pointed to the demise of many of the major denominations in the U.S. Quoting figures of percentage losses Dr. Kantzer told his audience that the leadership in U.S. Christianity had been influenced by Liberal theology and that the major Divinity schools had, until recently been largely in the hands of Liberals. Yet, he stated, liberalism had not penetrated to the ordinary clergy or to the congregations. Well over 50% of U.S. clergy claim to be evangelical.

The sad reality was that denominations which had embraced liberalism since the America had lost 500,000 members, the United Methodist Church 1.1 million. By contrast, conservative denominations with a clear biblical witness had grown in

Dr. Kantzer admitted that Liberalism did not owe its demise to the attack from evangelicals. In fact, evangelicals had, until recent years been very weak in their challenges. He claimed that liberalism

Continued page 6

A New Investment for St. George: Eternity

GOODSPEAK 84 Reaches out to the St. George Area.

Crisis faced the organisers of Goodspeak 84, an evangelistic outreach to the St. George area of Sydney, when the Missioner Canon John Chapman, Director of the Department of Evangelism for the Anglican Diocese of Sydney, contracted a vicious flu virus and was confined to bed just prior to the opening of the 10-day series of meetings. However, though far from well, through prayer and potions he had recovered sufficiently to be on the platform at the Hurstville Civic Centre when the mission opened on September 13th.

Canon Chapman said, "I have been Canon Chapman said, "I have been greatly encouraged by the response of the audience each evening. Church folk have actually been bringing their non-believing friends and neighbours along to hear the Gospel. And some of them have been getting saved. It is exciting to see how well the churches have worked together in the preparation stages and now in this celebration state. We've got something to celebrate!

Goodspeak 84 is possibly the largest co-operative venture of churches within the St. George area. There are thirty-five participating churches who have been planning together for the past twelve months and rejoiced together at the Hurstville Civic Centre each evening when between four and five hundred

The Rev'd, Trevor Edwards, Rector of St.

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... pages 10 & 11

Aidan's, Hurstville Grove, and chairman of the Goodspeak 84 Planning Committee, said, "One of the really encouraging aspects of these meetings is the number of new people who are present each night. He thought this was different to the South West Outreach held in the Liverpool area earlier this year and where John Chapman was also the Missioner. Mr. Edwards said, "At Liverpool there was a large core of people who came back each evening whereas here we seem to be reaching a larger number of new people each evening. Some are also coming from outside the St. George area. A lady from Whalan in the Western suburbs went forward for counselling last night"

"The preparation for this series of meetings has been excellent," Mr. Edwards said, but the area that has rejoiced the organisers' hearts most has been the functions which have been held on neutral ground in a non-threatening environment. For men there were two major events. An Evangelistic Breakfast at the St. George League's Club and a dinner at the St. George Sailing Club. At both these gatherings there were over two hundred men who were ready to listen to Mr. Chapman speak about Jesus. For the ladies two Evangelistic Coffee Mornings and a Coffee and Dessert Evening were great occasions for breaking down

The Rev'd Donald Howard, Rector of Lugarno, who was also responsible for the planning of Goodspeak 84, said that these ways of drawing people together

Continued page 2

Moore College AUSTRALIAN CHURCH RECORD, OCTOBER 1, 1984 - 1

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MARANATHA

Faith and Life (3)

lames 3:1-12

FAITH AND WORDS

The subject which occupies these verses is one which 'hits home' in every age. Phrases such as 'I wish I'd never opened my mouth', or 'I could have bitten my tongue off', illustrate the problem of ou words and the effects they can have. James here seeks to bring together the relationship of faith and words, in so doing laying a heavy responsibility on

The opening verse follows the statement of chapter 2, verse 26 that faith without works is dead, with a reminder that works cannot be limited to actions. In fact, words are also works.

It is not surprising then, that teachers are singled out, as those whose full-time work centres on speaking.

Why refer to them alone as ones who will be judged with greater strictness? Clearly the idea stems from the potential for good and evil in the act of teaching. Those involved in teaching are freque required to make judgement both moral and intellectual, and such a role can cause them to become critical.

Comparison with 1 John 3, 1 Peter 2:1. plus advice to Timothy and Jude indicate problem of sorting out the true teacher from the false. James is addressing himself to the problem in seeking to deal with those who were after status which could lead to division. Not many are chosen, he reminds them, and there is heavy responsibility laid on those who

However, James doesn't linger too long on the issue of teachers. For in v.2 he is quick to point out that "we all sin often and goes on to refer to everyone in regard to the power of speech. It is an action of all, and he highlights its power in suggesting that if the tongue can be trolled we would be perfect, able to control every other part of the body. An exciting concept! For while it goes without saying that Jesus alone is perfect, this verse highlights in my mind the unbalanced attitude often exhibited in regard to sinful actions. Great attention i paid to those actions of the body which effect is ignored by and large. Yet both within and outside Christian groups the tongue is at times the most offensive of creatures. V.8 makes its potential clear, implying that words are more serious

The body of this passage contains illustrations highlighting the power and the bite of the tongue.

The power of the tongue

James likens the power of the tongue to the bit in a horse's mouth and the rudder of a ship. There is an obvious

SPEAKERS

small but each has great effect. To seeks to illustrate how a horse can be made to obey and go wherever directed, and how a ship can be guided wherever desired. In both instances the controlling nent is small. However, we cannot take the analogy too far, for James i saying that we can control our body by controlling our tongue; rather, if we can control the tongue we shall be able to control the body, for that is easier. Such is the power of the tongue, a comparison made as James goes on to consider —

The bite of the tongue — (v.6)

As James refers to the tongue as a fire, we must again avoid taking the analogy too far. Perhaps it is best to see the tongue as compared to an unguarded campfire, with could at any moment break loose and cause untold damage. So with the tongue; its actions can set off abuse, slander, gossip, evil, hatred, jealousy, cruelty, division — the list is endless. Such 'fire' which 'inflames' and in turn can affect an ever-widening circle of people, is one ignited by the forces of

The 'forked' tongue (v.9-10)

As if the earlier verses were concerned with the tongue in general conversation, James now highlights the issue with a sobering remark. The same tongue wi which we curse others is used to praise God. And those whom we curse are made in God's likeness — despite sin and the inherent evil in human nature, the likeness of God is still reflected to some

Not only is the Christian's tongue capable of both cursing others and praising God, we sometimes find both remember, was writing to Christian congregations where (as later sections of his letter indicate) relationships were

In the whole issue of blessing and cursing, James adds the sobering statement of v.11 "My brothers this should not be"

The absurdity of the forked tongue is further emphasised in the closing verses of this section, with his reference to the impossibility of a spring supplying both fresh and salt water; of a fig tree bearing olives; of a grapevine bearing figs; of a salt spring producing fresh water.

The reader is left to ponder such of the tongue. And when faith is brought to bear on life, the words we spread are a fearfully powerful demor

REFORMATION RALLY

ST. JOHN'S ANGLICAN CHURCH

PARRAMATTA

FRIDAY 12 OCTOBER

at 8 pm

Sponsored by the Anglican Church League

St. George slain by Goodspeak,



should be used more frequently at the local congregational level and not become features only of major

It is not known what impact on the community at large the presentation of Goodspeak 84 has had as the publicity has been mainly directed toward those who have some link with the churches.

The theme for the series has been "Good News for St. George — God's Word for You" and so where does 'Goodspeak' come from. Mr. Stephen Toomey who's had some responsibility for the publicity said, "'Goodspeak' was inspired by "The Good News" and George Orwell's novel '1984' in which he coined the word 'Newspeak"

There is no doubt lives have been changed at the Hurstville Civic Centre over the past ten days and investments have been made for Eternity. Goodspeak 84 has spoken. God's Word goes on speaking. The nurture of new believers and the encouragement of enquirers will

The Bible Society just matches Christian growth, and needs help

1984 is the 180th Anniversary of the Bible Society and it is also the year when the world wide demand for Scriptures is \$6.7 million more than the Bible Society's current available

The growth of Bible Society has been phenomenal. In 1960 only 50 million Scriptures were printed. 485 million were printed in 1982. In 1967 world wide support for subsidising Bible Society work totalled US \$6.6 million. In 1983 the Budget was set at US 27.5 million. To maintain this growth path Bible Society is putting great strain on all the available

The four main areas in which Bible Society is involved are:

- 1) Assisting in 600 translation projects
- 2) Organising the production of 80% of all Scriptures world wide totalling 500

million in 1984.

- Exploring the widest possible distribution of Scriptures in at least 180 countries and territories. In 1981 the list of OECD developing countries was 162. The Bible Society world wide is involved in at least 142 of these.
- 4) Developing literacy material that will maintain people's ability to read through the reading of specially prepared Scriptures called "New

It is estimated that by the year 2000, unless there is a major revival in all countries, that 83% of the world will be Non-Christian although 78,000 are becoming Christians daily world wide. The world's population is estimated to reach 4,374 million in 1985, and is growing at 1.7% per annum.

During 1983 Bible Society printed 23,000,000 Bibles and New Testaments which is just sufficient for every New Christian around the world, but it is estimated there are at least 150,000,000 existing Christians who do not have a

personal copy of God's Word. These are mature Christians in free world countrie to which Bible Society has direct access. These Christians cannot have Bibles beacuse of price, lack of availability, or The pressure on Bible Society to

perform is very real. The support of Australian Christians is of utmost importance for Christians in developing

"New Reader" material

Literacy work in developing countries is essential for their growth. Bible Society has developed "New Reader" material that will maintain their skill and prevent them from lapsing back into illiteracy. In some situations the only reading material available is Bible Society Scriptures.

of completing all translations in languages where there are at least 1,000,000 literates. This goal should be reached by 1990. It is sobering to realise that only 283 languages currently have the complete Bible and 572 languages have a complete New Testament. The aim by the turn of the century is to have 500 languages with

\$6.7 million worth of projects have been presented to Bible Society world wide and these have had to be "shelved" because funds are unavailable. It is appalling that 20% requests for God's Word cannot be met because of inadequate giving by Christians in developed countries.

Why do only 15,000 Christians in NSW support the work of Bible Society at an average rate of approximately \$1 per

Australia wide Bible Society has only

Guide to Sydney Synod — 1984

The Church Record apologises to our readers in other Anglican Dioceses and other denominations for running an article which appears only to be of immediate interest to a ur Sydney Anglican readership. However, we believe that the size of this Synod gives it a wider interest. Further, some of the issues are of great interest and importance in

The ACR offers this as a contribution to the public debate.

The use of the Surplice Canon 1977 Adopting Ordinance 1977 **Amendment Ordinance 1984**

The use of clerical dress, in particular the use of the surplice, is an issue which arouses strong feelings among Anglicans. It will therefore be difficult for Sydney's Synod to consider the ordinance without prejudice.

However, the legal situation with regard to this matter in Sydney Diocese seems to have reached an absurd state, and the proposed ordinance (as amended) is to be welcomed. It will remove the present anomalies, and avoid the harmful effects that more radical change might have brought.

Why the ordinance is needed

According to a Report on Legal Questions on the Use of the Surplice supplied by the Standing Committee of synod, it seems that two kinds of service nay be legal in the diocese. On the one hand there are "services conducted in accordance with the Book of Commor Prayer or an Australian Prayer Book or any lawful variation to either," at which "the presiding minister must wear a surplice." On the other hand it seems youth or family services which are not services in accordance with the Book of Common Prayer or an Australian Prayer Book, or lawful variations thereto" may not necessarily require the use of the

The law recognises, in other words, that in certain circumstances not wearing the surplice may be helpful to Christian

This mean, however, that when such circumstances arise it is not legal to use the Prayer Book! Clearly the law needs

It should be added that 72% of respondents to a survey of church committees indicated that there are other occasions when it would be

The Synod has rightly been cautious about adopting changes to the law with regard to the surplice. There are potential effects which could be unhelpful. The proposed ordinance has been drawn up with great care, and seems to have bee successful in avoiding possible pitfalls. Two points should be emphasized:

1. Under the proposed ordinance neither a congregation, nor a clergyman need ever be forced against their will to abandon the use of the surplice.

2. It would be an unacceptable novelty in Anglicanism (because of theological implications) if a differentiation were made between the various services of the Prayer Book with respect to dress. There has been no such differentiation in Authorized Prayer Books since 1552. The proposed ordinance preserves this

Unless we are to be content with the evangelism is ever helped by not wearing positive way forward. We commend it

Re-Marriage of Divorcees

Report of the Committee re. Synod Resolution 34/83, the Re-marriage of Divorced Persons.

This committee was appointed by the last Synod to bring forward specific recommedations on the difficult issues involved in the question of re-marriage of divorced persons. Amongst these issues, they had to consider how the Diocese may declare the law of the Diocese in relation to the re-marriage of divorced

within the Diocese for the purpose of dealing with the re-marraige of divorced persons generally, to bring forward draft legislation or recommend a course of action for implementing the procedure, and to find out the extent and manner limitations on pastoral inquiry by the parish clergy man or Diocesan officials.

This Committee worked closely with and had the benefit of mutual membership of the Diocesan Doctrine Commission which was considering the problem at the same time

On the legal issues involved, the report concludes that Synod is competent to make Ordinances governing re-marriage of divorced persons. Until Synod makes such provision the existing law (whatever it might be) is said to continue. As the latter declaration makes clear. controversy still remains over the status of the advice given by the Chancellor to the Archbishop last year, where the Archbishop is said to have right of decision on re-marriage. In the end the report lays aside the Chancellor's opinior As to the implications of the Family Law Act the report concludes there is no imitation on pastoral inquiry by the parish clergyman, but inquiry by Diocesan officials may amount to "a breach of that act".

As to the theological issues, the report

noted very carefully that the whole

question of re-marriage of divorced persons is a vast on-going debate with the Christian church at large, It said "we have tried to consider the pastoral needs of all concerned — the church at large, the local congregation or congregat from which a couple intending matrimony may come, the couple concerned, and also spouses and children of earlier marriages". The report could not support any form of marriage which transgressed the New Testament. Further it noted that despite a fundamental allegiance to holy Scripture there remains within the convictions of biblical scholars a division as to the New Testament teaching on the re-marriage of divorced persons. Because of the uncertainty about this teaching, even after much genuine and hard study of the New Testament evidence on the question of re-marriage, the report says that liberty should prevail. "Recognizing within the spectrum of New Testament opinion the existence of more rigorous and less rigorous points of view the Committee believes that the opinion of those that hold the more rigorous view point should not be permitted to bind others who hold different opinions and thus curtail their ministry and disadvantage those to whom they should minister." The report nended the pursuit of pastoral instruction at all levels on Christian marriage especially in the light of pagan intrusions into the general understanding of church members about marriage.

On theological and pastoral grounds the report rejects the notion that a Diocesan bishop should be given a consensual or legal role in responding to applications for re-marriage. However, it notes that "involvement should be that of pastoral counsel, guidance and advice, and not one of jurisdiction or the granting of permissions."

As to the possibility of legislation, the report side-stepped the difficulty thrown up by the Chancellor's advice given in 1983 and urges new legislation to o the situation beyond any doubt. It rejected the Chancellor's opinion as the basis for this new legislation, because "in the judgement of the Doctrine nission it is more strict than the Scripture allows. The Committee did not believe that the more strict view should bind the ministry of those who while respecting this point of view did not prescribe to it." The Committee also Commission that on theological grounds "the permission of the Diocesan (bishop)

of the church at large."

Committee remains firm

The report concludes by laying down three principles it would like to see govern the way the Diocese might draw up a future Ordinance.

- a. The theological principles governing
- i.That the other partner has acted decisively to repudiate the marriage by entering into some other sexual relationship, or
- ii. The other partner has acted decisively to repudiate the marriage by desertion, or
- iii.One party has been forced to separate on grounds such as mental or physical cruelty, and the other party conti stand in the way of reconciliation
- b. The final decision as to the re-marriage of a divorced person be left to the officiating clergyman.
- c. Advice to be given the Bishop that it is proposed to solemnize such a marriage and that such advice be which arise from casual re-marriage be avoided. This advice is to contain the
 - i. The celebrant believes that the proposed marriage was in accordance with the principles of holy Scripture.
- ii. To the best of the celebrant's knowledge all obligations under a prior marriage had been fulfilled so far as was
- iii.He believed the proposed marriage to be in the best pastoral interests of the couple

The report noted that since this proposed legislation is so radical against the background of present legislation prevailing in Anglican churches in Australia, which severely restrict remarriage and place its implementation into the hand of the bishop, the Archbishop of Sydney felt that he could not at this time consent to any such Ordinance: "Sufficient grounds have not been shown to give assent to an Ordinance which so substantially change procedures relating to the re-marriage of divorced persons." Nevertheless, the Committee's recommendations on legislation remain firm.

This report and its annex on the biblical and theological conclusions regarding

divorce and re-marriage, and the accompanying report from the Doctrine Commission on the re-marriage of divorced persons, is very much to be commended as a thoroughly Christian statement of the problem. On their own the report of the theological issues is worth studying as a thorough review of the teaching of holy Scripture on divorce and a striving by godly minds to come to true conclusion rooted in New Testament theology. It should make a contribution to the on-going discussion of re-marriage wherever the Bible is honoured as solely

On the practical side, regarding legislation and the pastoral problems, the report also is most helpful. Clearly they have striven to be guided and governed by the teaching of Scripture. The recommendation of a fairly "liberal" legislation is not based on any other nise that the Bible itself has a range of different approaches to divorce. Legislation, it feels, should allow Christian isters to operate within that range

Pastorally it is very sensitive to the problems caused by re-marriage amongst other Christians who know the couple, or one partner of the marriage, of the intended marriage, and amongst the surviving relatives of the previous marriage. It stands firm against the practice of casual re-marriage and stands for very careful pastoral responsibility. Paradoxically, for precisely these reasons it rejects giving the bishop a decisive role in re-marriage as he is not normally a direct participant in the web of relationships involved in this situation, unlike the parish clergyman. However, the bishop is clearly given a role of pastoral oversight of the clergyman's decision. Although the bishop cannot veto a clergyman's decision he is given a good deal of time by the process of notification, and information as to the grounds of the proposed decision, so as to be abe to investigate further and nish the minister involved if

Because the specific recommendations of the report as well as its broad sweep of comments are so thoroughly grounded in the New Testament, to which our Articles of Religion clearly drive us to in difficult matters (Articles 19, 20, 21, 34, and various ordination vows), and shows great such legislation, and urge that it be ed to after careful debate of all the

Continued page 6

PRICE VIDEOS

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The Marks of a Reformed Church

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English christianity

(2) Holy Stones?

Our roving reporters have recently cast their eyes over the English scene.

They were old, old stones. So very old!

We first saw them on an early spring morning. Set in large grounds studded with ancient elm, oak and yew trees. We walked through thousands of daffodils as we passed moss covered and crumbling gravestones. It's the sort of stuff that makes the cameras click.

The early days of the area were set in AD 900. The present building was commenced in the 11th century as an Augustinian Priory. In later years the Priory was completely destroyed and α e church building alone survived with its 120 feet long nave.

Another such building states in the public leaflet that the daily cost just of survival and modest use is £1250 per day. None can deny that these stones by the tens of thousands have stood there for centuries. Just as surely many of the buildings are of classic beauty. They are indeed aged, historical, memorial, museum depending on the mood as you turn from them. And Britain and the Continent boast them by the hundred.

Some years ago when the new Coventry Cathedral was under consideration one of the announced competition conditions was given as 'the cathedral is to speak to us and to generations to come of the Majesty, the Eternity and the Glory of God.' But can we express the nature of a holy God in building materials or in any other medium? As we stood on that spring day in that ancient priory 'church' the voice we heard spoke of decay crying out for repair! Outside there was a colour and newness in the soft greens and golds but inside all was gloom and need.

In another place and time an architectural panel recorded that it would erect a building that "would say to those who entered its doors — 'get down on your knees little man".

Yet one can only report that in all such places visited to which thousands of tourists come that is not apparently what is said for there a few on bended knees! And is that because

Another truth is that such buildings are now 'such a drain on our resources and increasingly a liability rather than an asset on those who have to use and maintain them. What is worse they are in many cases prisons that bind those who must meet within them. And that not just because of their sheer age but because of the basic theological misunderstanding behind their original conception.

Isaiah (40:12-26) seems to seriously question, indeed refuse, the idea that God's nature can be represented by workers in wood and stone because the Lord's greatness is unsearchable. Stones and Wood no matter how finely fashioned may but make the Sublime ridiculous and produce a memorial to man's pride and folly! Creation as from His hand will bear full and powerful testimony to His greatness far more effectively than man's second hand endeavours. To say that a building may 'speak of God' may be to present a false and distorted expressi

So many of these ancient stones now inhibit (and always have) a right expression for the people of God. What we need to understand is that the basic reason for the existence of a church building must be to provide a base for God's people. It is they who must conform to 'the mind of Christ'. It is they who will speak of 'the new creation'

The expression 'The House of God' may well have been in the minds of many past builders. But the Bible makes it clear that it was the presence of God and not the Temple that was its glory. The rending of the curtain of the Temple at the time of the Crucifixion was surely the sign that the old had passed away and the new age had begun. The Christian community is now the 'living stones' which together make up 'the templ

So that our buildings now under consideration must commence from a different basic theological position. A Christian community will have aspirations and needs that will require buildings that "will give them freedom to express themselves as to what they are and allow them to honour their mission to the wider community."

Church buildings are necessary — to keep out the wind and the rain! It is the people within who are called to be holy as He is holy.

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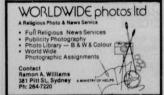
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WORLD

Hindu Goddess in English Cathedral

Call for action on error and immorality

As the National Church we have greater responsibilities and opportunities the any other denomination. Our prime responsibility is to give a Biblical witness in theology and morality to the nation."
So writes the Rector of Hawkwell, Essex in a letter to all the clergy of the Church of

"After years of heart-searching I can no longer be silent on these issues," says the Rev. Tony Migton. He points out that the authoritative documents of the Church of England make it clear that tradition and reason are subject to Biblical authority. But, he declares, this is not the view and pression given by the utterances and chaviour of many in the Church of

Mr. Higton outlines a number of the serious errors at present rife in the National Church. He refers to the views of the Bishop-designate of Durham, Prof. D. lenkins, who recently "denied the Virgin Birth of our Lord; stated he would welcome as a Christian someone who denied the Incarnation, and was very unclear about the Resurrectio

Attention is drawn to an inter-faith service televised from Newcastle
Cathedral last month. It is alleged that "this included the worship with chanting dancing and offering of flowers to what appeared to be a Hindu idol, certainly it was related to a Hindu goddess. Allah was praised in a reading from the Koran A Sikh guru and deity were honoured. Then extensive praise was given to the Hindu god Rama. He was repeate proclaimed as Lord and King. In the whole service I detected only one specific reference to Christ - namely a single trinitarian line in the final hymn. I am all in favour of inter-racial harmony and respect. But I believe this service broke the commandment about idolatry and directly implied a denial of the uniqueness of Christ as the only

Turning to moral issues in particular the Hawkwell manifesto substantiates a claim that there is a "pro-homosexual lobby" in the Church of England; and says also that "another area of growing concern is adultery amongst the clergy". One bishop is said to have defined chastity as "emotional integrity", "meaning one must respect another person as a person, not as a sex object". This, the bishop agreed, allowed extra-marital sex.

The manifesto refers to "the fact that a clergyman like Don Cupitt can proclaim that abandonment of belief in God is part of the growth to true human freedom, and yet he does not face immediate discipline from the church. A leading clergyman sublicit, referred to the clergyman publicly referred to the attitude of 'Christian atheists' as being an approach of 'spiritual seriousness'."

The Hawkwell manifesto insists that there is a remedy for the present situation. Repentance is needed which must "be as public as the sin" "of these scandalous errors". It calls for the exercise also of church discipline, and positive

(ENGLISH CHURCHMAN)

Tear Fund at work

The poor people of Nakuru, in **Kenya's** Rift Valley Province, will have better health thanks to Australians who gave money through TEAR (The Evangelical Alliance Relief) Fund Australia

The Fund recently allocated \$25,000 to help set up a primary health care fund in Nakuru, which has a population of 100,000, many of whom live in slums.

How will you be when you sit for the test!

'Doubt-test' call for bishops

CLERGY FROM the dioceses of Durham and Newcastle are encouraging parishes throughout England to think about asking Bishops, before they proceed to conduct confirmations, to subscribe to the ollowing declaration: "I believe in the fact of the Virgin Birth of Jesus Christ and His Resurrection on the third day from the tomb as is clearly taught in the Holy Scriptures.

The first meeting of the North East Diocesan Evangelism Fellowship since the controversial consecration of David Jenkins as Bishop of Durham was held on Monday September 3. Forty five clergy were present, plus senior laymen and observers.

The meeting voted its deep concern that the Archbishop of York and a significant number of bishops had 'by word and action declared as optional belief in the Virgin Birth of Jesus Christ and his Resurrection on the third day

The meeting heard from the Rev. David Holloway of Jesmond on the subject of Church Growth. "No way will churches grow," he said, "when there is doctrinal confusion. Sociological research has already proved that."

The meeting also agreed that 'the current situation in society at large, evidenced by the present violence and disagreement in our industrial sectors in the North East, demonstrates a vacuum of spiritual values and spiritual direction in the nation. Doubts, uncertainties and errors expressed by bishops add to that

However it was resolved that 'unity in programmes and structures should be fostered with all Anglican churches, of varying traditions, that can agree to the fundamentals of the faith, while at the same time being at liberty to disagree (strongly if necessary) over secondary

The fundamentals of the faith are the articles of the apostles' and Nicene Creeds as interpreted by Scripture. These include the Resurrection of Jesus Christ on the third day from the tomb and the forgiveness of sins through justification by faith. At the appropriate time such unity should be extended to those free churches and Roman Catholic churches that agree to this basis.

They've 'Latin' Women

Brazil vote for Women Priests

THE tiny Episcopal Church of Brazil has become the latest province in the Anglican Communion to vote in favour of the ordination of women to the priesthood, according to reports now reaching Britain.

At a Provincial Synod held at Porto Alegre, last month, the houses of clergy and laity each voted 12—1 for women's ordination; all the bishops were said to have been in favour, though it is not known how many were present. There are said to be three women already studying for ordination in the province.

Brazil has become the first Latin American Church to approve the ordination of women, though women have recently been ordained in Mexico and Puerto Rico. These are jurisdictions linked to the Episcopal Church in the USA, which has been ordaining women for ten years now.

REVIEW

Secular

Soviet

requiem for

servicemen

The service you have when

you're not having a service.

showing one of the implementations of the Plenum's call to improve anti-religious work by improving such rituals.

The Soviet Central Asian paper Turkmenskaya Iskra on 26 July published

an article about a military-oriented rally in Kizyl-Arvat (a small town of about 22,000 people according to the 1970 official

people according to the 1970 official statistics), where veterans of the Second World War lowered urns with "holy soil" from "hero cities" as the sounds of Shostakovich's 7th Symphony filled the air. Amongst others, soldiers who had served in Afghanistan mounted the rostrum for give rousing speeches, laudion

rostrum to give rousing speeches, lauding those who had fallen . . . "fulfilling their international duty" in "helping the people of Afghanistan to build a new life". The

organisers of the rally paid particular attention to the emotional aspects of the occasion by ensuring an abundance of flowers and the appearance of artists in

national costume and by the nature of the speeches made at the "service".

ARCIC progress on Salvation &

THE ANGLICAN/ROMAN CATHOLIC

International Commission (ARCIC II), which held its second meeting at St. John's College, Durham, from August 22-31, continued discussion of its present

major theme, the Church and Salvation with special reference to the doctrine of Justification. The work was done in the

light of papers prepared in recent month and of draft texts proposed by a sub-Commission earlier this year.

Under the chairmanship of Bishop Cormack Murphy-O'Connor of Arundel

and Brighton (Roman Catholic), and Bishop Mark Santer of Kensington (Anglican), members of the Commission who came from five continents, made

substantial progress in the preparation a statement on fundamental doctrinal

principles concerning Salvation, Justification and the role of the Church in God's plan for the redemption of the

In the course of discussion attention

was paid to matters allied to the main

Commission made plans for a sub-

theme, especially those arising from the controversies of the 16th century. The

Commission to carry its work forward in the 12 months before its next meeting.

A beginning was also made on the study of growth in reconciliation and on

study of growth in reconciliation and on stages along the way to full communion on a basis of unity in faith. Some questions of this kind are being referred der preliminary work by various national Anglican/Roman Catholic Committees or the basis of their experience of local relations between the two Churches.

Whats the

cost?

Church's role

Ex-Anglicans now minister through Presbyterian Church

Graham and Elizabeth Jefferys

National Presbyterian Church of Chile We have recently had details of the work being done by Rev. Graham Jefferys, an Anglican minister from Australia now ordained in the National Presbyterian Church of Chile. Graham has been named by Presbytery as supervising pastor of the First National Presbyterian Church, Quillota for the year 1984.

He is also on the Board of the Evangelical Institute of Chile which is set up under the auspices and control of the National Presbyterian Church of Chile. It has two faculties: the faculty of Theology and the Faculty of Extension — better known as the Bible Extension Seminary. The Faculty of Theology offers four

- 1. Licentiate of Religion
- 2. Bachelor of Religion
- 3. Bachelor of Theology 4. Master of Theology

Additional activities include onferences, in-service training courses for pastors and an environment of Christian fellowship, reflection and

Since Graham went to Chile in the beginning of 1982, following an earlier period of service there, his work has

- Writing a programmed Theological Education by Extension (T.E.E.) Course This has been written to fit in with a programme which is international and interdenominational reaching many parts of Latin America with its ministry.
- A study guide of 263 pages and 50 lessons on "The History of the Church before Reformation'
- A study guide of 36 lessons on "The 16th Century Reformation". This is being used on a correspondence
- A planned project on "Church History from 17th to 20th Centuries" to be specially oriented towards Latin America. This is urgently needed as most other texts deal with and are oriented towards Europe, UK and USA.

Let us pray therefore that this work may be extensively used and spread throughout South America. In a recent letter Graham has said, "In the ecclesiastical spectrum in Chile and Latin America at large there is a sad lack of churches, preachers, leaders and apologists from the reformed tradition, a fact which is repeatedly evident in the church and society here. There are wide open doors of opportunity in South America today.

Comics replace Koran

Magazines for Muslims

A New selection of Christian magazines and children's comics and story books aimed at the eight million Muslims living in Europe are being published by 'Middle East Media'.

MEM, who have been publishing Christian material in Arabic for many years, say that now most Arab and Muslim countries have closed their doors to Christian missions, the large numbe of Arab immigrants, students, tourists businessmen and women that can be found in Europe present an exciting opportunity for the European Church

Depression and feelings of worthlessness



Alan Craddock

Since the June 1983 Plenary session of the Soviet Communist Party a fresh attitude A recent editorial in A.C.R. (3/9/84) made has been adopted towards religious and secular rituals. The Soviet authorities have openly acknowledged the shortcomings in the rather sterile and unemotional some very useful comments on the nature of depression and the ways of overcoming depression. The ecommendation was not to cope by Soviet rituals such as weddings and funerals, and have tried to diminish increasing or discovering self-love but to accept ourselves as we really are and to turn our thoughts outward to God. There effect that these secular rituals have effect that these secular rituals have produced — the increased interest in religious services and participation on occasions of Communist Party members in church baptisms and weddings. Another Soviet paper has published an article in its "New Rituals" column showing one of the implementations of is a sound principle here, but perhaps the simplicity of polarizing coping processes into right and wrong, outward and inward, could be misleading for some

My experience is that low self esteen feelings of worthlessness and depression are often linked together in an emotional package which requires a form of coping which blends inward and outward looking processes together. This can have the effect of producing insight of a very complex and helpful sort.

As the editorial suggested, an inward process which majors on increasing self-love is inadequate for Christians. To look outward to God however, does not preclude an inward looking process which has to do with self-insight. On the contrary, to understand what God wants for us is to understand our relationship with God better.

It follows from this that we can understand ourselves better as we grow in that relationship with God. God also helps us to understand the circumstances which have contributed towards the feelings of worthlessness which burden us so greatly in our depression.

I believe that Christians can very easily find themselves possessed of low self esteem for various reasons and then find it extremely difficult to get things into perspective because they have a natural perspective oecause they have a natural suspicion of thinking more highly of themselves than they should. This perfectly valid ground for suspicion can become exaggerated into a rather extreme viewpoint which cannot believe in any valuable personal attributes at all.

One of the main causes of low self esteem lies in the external circumstances which promote self-doubt in a person. Something may be said, or an event may occur, either one of which significantly challenges the person's view of self as competent or valuable. If a sufficient number of challenges continue to arise there is every likelihood that such a person will eventually become committed to a long-term view of himself of herself as "useless", a "failure" and 'not worth anything to anyone'

Certain kinds of family dynamics appear to easily generate this kind of feeling among family members. Parents can create low self esteem in their children by continually attacking them as persons and sending them the message that they are a "lot of trouble" and "not worth the effort" because they are not capable (apparently) of doing anything good. Husbands and wives can also attack one another's self esteem.

Feelings of low self esteem can be countered by recognising the factors which have promoted self-doubt. It might be the case that the challenges are only limited and short-term (e.g. failing an examination) and can be overcome (by repeating the course or by realising that that subject simply wasn't one of one's strengths). Or they may be irrelevant and invalid (e.g. an unfair but persistent attack upon your ability by someone who is using you as a means of expressing their own shortcomings) and can be overcome by recognising them as such.

Whatever the strategy, countering low self esteem depends upon getting the challenges, the sources of self-doubt, into perspective. This requires us to achieve a

sense of balance. There are personal features which can legitimately be challenged and we can learn from this and grow. But this does not imply that as a total person we are of no value. Each of us has weaknesses, but we all possess strengths as well.

The Christian should be aware of God's attitude towards us. It is clear that God recognises and challenges our weaknesses, but in the face of this He continues to express His love for us and makes available the means of salvation (1 John 4:9-10) and, for those who believe, the means of growth (Colossians 2:6-7). In our moments of low self esteem we can gain enormous encouragement by recognising the loving and constructive attitude of God. Paul tells us that as Christians we have friendship with God (Romans 5:6-11) and that through His grace we can gain confidence and strength to live in such a way that

Finally, consider Paul's own comments regarding his work as a servant of the gospel when it might have been thought that he had been boasting: "We say this because we have confidence in God through Christ. There is nothing in us that allows us to claim that we are capable of doing this world. The capacity we have comes from God." (II Corinthians 3:4-5) Paul possesses a balanced view: He acknowledges his capacity to function, but he is aware of its real source — God. The outward (to God) perspective has produced an inward (to self) effect.

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DONNBERS

Spiritual depression

Dear Sir,

Your Editorial on "Depression" sought to isolate a state of mind which it called "Spiritual Depression". While I am not denying that there is any such state, I would like to remind your contributor that what presents as "spiritual depression" is often influenced by organic or psychological factors at work within us. In other words what manifests as spiritual depression frequently has a much wider base. In these circumstances it it not enough to treat the symptoms, the disease should be our concern as well. I am not doubting for one concern as well. I am not doubting for one concern as well. I am not doubting for one moment the efficacy of God's word, or our ability to rejoice in his complete forgiveness and transforming power, but sometimes what appears to be purely spiritual depression may need the assistance of others. In fact this help may be needed in order that the glorious promises of God may be appreciated and claimed.

For over eight years I have been working amongst people whose self-esteem has bee generally very low. While it is salutory for m of us to consider that we are much worse th we think we are, it is the last thing that a person ridden with guilt and of low self-esteem needs to do. Emphasis on such one-sided truths will usually lead to a depressive state which can be suicidal. There are times and circumstances when the worth of the individual in God's estimation needs to be emphasised. Cf. Matt. 6:26b. For over eight years I have been working

Yours sincerely, (The Rev.) Philip C. Blake

Dear Sir,

The increasingly high standard of your paper over recent months has been set back by the complete lack of pastoral understanding in your editorial of September 3. Confusion was your contorial of september 3, Contosion was worse confounded by the opening gambit that spiritual depression was "an aberration and fungus growth on a sensitive conscience", whatever that may mean.

Your columnist Alan Craddock might well have ben consulted before this empty drive was printed. Or one of Dr. Crabb's excellent books might have been consulted and quot sulted and quoted

We are exhorted not to tell sufferers that they are not as bad as they think they are! A was even worse than that? I talked quietly to her and elicited that her father died of alcoholic poisoning when she was 17. I helped her face the reality that she was not guilty of hat for which she constantly accused herself, set about helping her pastorally in other ways, ater, her spiritual depression was fully healed.

After eye surgery, I found myself in a "spiritual depression." The surgeon, who happened to be a mature Christian, told me that the nurses had observed certain of the clinical signs of depression. He did not offer to pray with me or help me talk about how I felt my Lord had let me down (the operation left me with one eye blind). He first went to see what pre-pocartise medication. I had been what pre-operative medication I had been given. Then he looked it up in Mims, the drug handbook. He came back and told me that th people. So my depression was drug-induced.
We were able to laugh together about it and I
found it to be a valuable experience to have
lad in view of my pastoring of people who
vould be depressed.
Whoese

Whoever wrote this editorial was completely out of his pastoral depth.

The three-line poem at the end was a disaster. Nowhere does the Bible tell us "Look within and be depressed.

Let the cobbler stick to his last Rex Meyer

Melbourne - We can agree

I refer to the article which appeared in the Australian Church Record, Aug. 20th last, Adstrainan Church Record, Aug. 20th 1829, under part of the above heading and can agree with its subtitle 'no place for worldly rivalry' when healthy differences of opinion and action are more preferable to dominance through an assumed superior and patristic attitude.

I also agree that 'there is a need for I also agree that 'there is a need for sensitivity and understanding' and can only reason that the author, or editorial board, found it to be an expression of sensitivity and understanding to proceed with a litany of errors of former Archbishops at a time when tensions within the Melbourne diocese have been high during the period which resulted in the election of an outstanding administrator and pastor to be our Archbishop. The insertion late in the article, or was it a late insertion, of a few palliative remarks is not sufficient to cover previous colic inducing statements.

Once more you are correct with the self

Once more you are correct with the self analysis that 'In Melbourne the perception. Sydney men tends to be that they are rigidly and self-consciously right in their own eyes. The whole tenor of the article justifies that original to the constitution of the self-legistrate with the self-legistrat

'Sydney evangelicals can help most by trying to understand the peculiar difficulties of their fellows in Victoria's capital' and without making the job more difficult by writing such paternalistic and insensitive articles. That way we may be able to have 'adult-to-adult' dialogue, but not while it is assumed we are mere children.

Valuable embryos

Dear Sir,

It was horrifying to read in the A.C.R. Aug. 20, that the Social Responsibilities Commission in Australia has so far adopted the view that "spare embryos" can be taken and frozen for the purpose of increasing the chances of pregnancy. It is disturbing that Rev. Nichols thinks that the Church of God can approve of this attitude and excellent. this attitude and practice.

Although dependent and defenceless, a uman embryo is not a chattel to be used for our purposes, but i made in His Image. ses, but is God's own possess

Along with all other human beings, embryos belong to God (Psa. 24:1). It is God's

We know we shall have to answer to God for the way in which we neglect other people. The Lord Jesus will declare it to have been neglecting Himself, and the consequences in Matt. 25:45 are "everlasting punishment".

Because an embryo is another human being, as yet unformed, we must treat each embryo according to the Golden Rule. This rules out freezing, cloning and keeping for the satisfaction of our desires.

God has placed an infinite value on every human being, regardless of any other consideration. It is the life of Jesus Christ, Who gave Himself for each of us. Being human beings, embryos have this value.

We cannot alter what God says He will do, but we can trust Him as the God of Love and of all Grace to know and do what is best for us.

I see no room for "controversy" and "doubts" about our attitude to the human embryo, as Rev. Alan Nichols seems to. It is essential that we come back to God Himself for direction. He has promised that if we will to do His Will (i.e. repent), we shall know (John 7:17).

Constance G. Knox

Liberalism shrivels, cont.

had died through its own inadequacy and its inability to offer any hope. However, the situation has now changed. People are open to the Gospel in a way they have not been before this century and in theology a return to the theology of the Reformation (and therefore to Biblical Christianity) offers the Church its only

Dr. Kantzer's lectures were well College and by a large number of others After each lecture Dr. Kantzer answered questions for at least half an hour and many commented on the helpfulness of his answers.

The Lecture series was recorded and will be available from Moore College on five cassettes. As well, one of the conditions for the Annual Lectures is that they be published in book form. In the past this has not always happened because of problems with publishers. However it is believed that the College has entered into an arrangement with a publisher which will allow the books to

The RECORD has interviewed Dr Kantzer and the interview will appear in a

Offensive Synod material

Last week I received a letter from an M.O.W.* Committee member, with the request that I circularise the rest of the Committee with copies. As the letter contained material critical of men in ministry in our Diocese I preferred not to be involved in — or responsible for — its being put into print; so with the agreement of the person concerned the letter was not printed.

This week I saw in the 1984 Synod Reports and Papers that the Diocese had been prepared to print and officially circulate the following material about women . . .

nen do not bear the image of God to the same extent as men"
"Women act as erotic stimulus to men" (ie

women in ministry)

"Women would never receive such a call"
(of God, to the Ministry)

"Roles in marriage are based solely in sex
difference, not on gifts or abilities".
(Arguments put forward by those opposing
the ordination of women)

Whether or not people will agree with such statements is not the point I am making. It is that our Diocese has printed such material. Women, and men, will find it personally offensive, offensive in the exercise of their ministries and an offence to the work of the Cross itself.

In March of this year I com that I will not stand with our Diocese when it takes its stand in the shadow of the Fall. The above quotations, and much else that we hear in Sydney, are Fall oriented, entangled and entangling in a yoke of bondage

Yours sincerely, Marlene Cohen

* Movement for the Ordination of Women

Synod Guide, continued

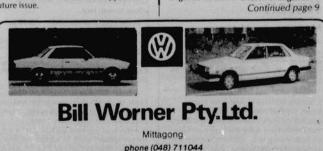
Ordination of Women to the Diaconate

Report on Synod Resolution 8/83, Ordination of Women to the Diaconate by the Standing Committee of Sydney

The last Synod asked for a Canon to amend or to initiate legislation to amend the Constitution of the Anglican Church in Australia to allow women to be ordained to the diaconate, and further, it asked Standing Committee to give consideration to the nature of a distinctive and permanent diaconate

This report asks Synod to endorse Standing Committee's decision to promote legislation in terms of the legal report submitted by the Legal

In substance the Legal Report recommends two mino changes in wording of the Constitution of the Anglican Church in Australia which will allow the order of Deacons to be regarded without reference to sex. The relevant words are, "and (notwithstanding anything in this constitution) may be persons of either sex to the order of Deacons". The relevant sections of the constitution which will need such amendment are section 3 of chapter 1 which sets out Fundamental Declarations, and section 74 of chapter 12 which governs the operation of the cons recommendation of the Legal Committe is that section 66 of the constitution be mended to allow the church to alter sections 1, 2 and 3 without recourse to State Parliaments as is now necessary, and instead allow alteration of these Fundamental Declarations by ordinance through the consent of every Diocesan Synod; as for example was done with the Anglican instead of Church of England.



MAZDA and Volkswagens — Sales and Services



Are the Men from Moore Aristotelians?

One of the responses to the MOW-ACR debate (which we published in June and July) most helpfully and rightly calls for an understanding of the New Testament teaching about ministry, and especially the role of women, on the ground of biblical theology; that is, the theology which the Bible itself throws up. Further, and very sharply, the same writer roundly accuses Moore College and two of the participants of being 'Aristotelians' or 'rationalistic'.

The latter is a very serious charge because the overlaying onto the Bible of the logic and philosophy of the ancient Greek (and pagan) philosopher Aristotle distorts the Bible's teaching. It is necessary then, before turning to the call for a biblical theological approach to women's ordination, to ask further about this charge against Moore College and its men. Is it true, or has it just been used in a pejorative way to cut people off from listening to what these men have to say?

Aristotelian logic

Aristotelianism, and its widespread use in the latter days of the reformation century after the deaths of John Calvin and Martin Luther, has content. It is actually possible to say what Aristotelianism looks like in practice. Apart from the largely 'derivative study of D. K. McKim recommended by our respondent, studies by T. F. Torrance ('Intuitive and Abstractive Knowledge from Dunn Scotus to John Calvin', 1968), J. P. Donnelly (Calvinism and Scholasticism, 1976), M. B. Crowe (The Changing Profile of the Natural Law, 1977), C. Partee (Calvin and Classical Philosophy, 1977), R.W.A. Letham (Saving Knowledge and Assurance in Reformed Theology, 1979, unpublished), R. T. Kendal (Calvin and English Calvinism, 1979), and many others give specific details about what Aristotelianism looked like as it appeared in the late 16th century and following. Space allows only brief mention of two

First, the use of syllogistic reasoning, a device made famous by Aristotle. A syllogism looks like this: A. all dogs have backbones, B. all backboned creatures are animals, therefore, C. all dogs are animals.

The syllogism was widely used in Reformation theology after Calvin and Luther. It was not merely used to illustrate a point made on the grounds of the Bible's teaching, but to deduce and prove a point outside of biblical doctrine.

For example, William Perkins, the great English puritan theologian at the close of the 16th century used the syllogism to focus a Christian believer on the question of whether he was of the elect or not. Perkins was openly conscious that "this particular expression 'I am elected' is not expressly set down in Scriptures", but "as the logicians speak . . . it may . . . be gathered out of God's word if we reason thus . . ." On the carefully acknowledged grounds of Aristotelian philosophy then, and not the Bible, Perkins focussed the Christian on what he considered to be the important question of Christian living, 'Am I elect?' Perkins syllogism ran thus: A. They which truly believe are elected, John 6:35. B. I truly believe, C. Therefore,

A is from the bible, B is from the believer's experience, and C is the conclusion which the Bible no where points us to. The two focal points of Christian living which the Bible directs us to are rather, "Do I truly believe in Christ?", and "Know that Christ has done all for your salvation and let that give you hope, courage and assurance". In matters of Christian living the Bible gives Jesus Christ as the ultimate focus, not our experience.

Therefore, the danger of this type of reasoning is that it superimposes a rational structure invented by man over biblical material which is a word of God. The bits which do not fit this imposed rationality are usually left out or distorted. This is like asking automotive questions of a flower - not quite appropriate!

Secondly, and more obviously, certain ideas of Aristotle (remember he was a pagan Greek philosopher) about God came back into Reformation theology after being pitched out by Luther and Calvin. The idea of God being the unmoved Mover, Infinite Essence, and the like, became the foundation for most systematic theologies written by Protestants even up until our own day. The opening chapters of such works tended to be written on the immutability, infinitude, etc., of God. On this foundation the Bible's teaching was then grafted on, and inevitably, chopped about to make it fit. The positive alternative of Calvin was not theology deduced from certain basic philosophical truths discovered by man ("ask not what is God

..."), but theology seeking to answer the question of "how is God towards us in Jesus Christ". That is, looking first, second and last at what the Word of God, the Bible, reveals of the One whose Word it is.

Foreign elements

What Aristotelianism or 'rationalism', the philosophical thinking of man does to theology is to introduce foreign elements into the examination of biblical revelation, and insists that the Bible conforms to these foreign elements. This Aristotelian or rationalistic mind-set, or way of predetermining what the Bible should teach by the dictates of man's mind, gained formal assent closer to the 20th century from philosophers like Emmanual Kant, and indeed, as the book by McKim and others points out, is still insisted on today by many within the Christian church as the only rightful way to do

This brings us back to the charge against the 'men from Moore'. It is of some interest here that the Principal of Moore College, Dr. Broughton Knox, at a recent public lecture entitled The theology of T.C. Hammond', said that Hammond's theology was very philosophical and deductive in its nature 'However, the truer method of doing theology is not deduction but induction; drawing what you have to say from the text of the Bible itself". Further, search as he might, this writer cannot find any Aristotelian content in the ACR-MOW debate on the lips of the men from Moore College - no syllogistic reasoning, no imposition of philosophical and unbiblical notions about the nature of God. Everyone must satisfy himself of course, but given the statement of Principal Knox on how he thinks theology shold be done, and the lack of actual Aristotelian features in the contribution of the 'men from Moore', this writer considers the charge false, and just pejorative so as to create a smokescreen. For that reason it needs to be carefully set to one side so that we can get back to what the Bible teaches.

Biblical theology without foreign elements

This returns us to the other point raised by our respondent in favour of women's ordination — the need for biblical theology to decide what a text means and its overall significance. This must be the way forward, the only way. But, and this takes up the point of the ACR editorial of July 28, 1984, is the interpretative priciple, the hermeneutic of MOW supporters, from the Bible itself, or imposed on the Bible from surrounding culture or the mind of the interpreter? A 'biblical theology' which relies on an interpretative key composed of purely hypothetical background factors 'reconstructed' from outside of the Bible is no biblical theology at all, it is just a collection of guesses which makes the plain biblical text in front of us a set of riddles that only experts can unravel, and disagree with each other about. However, the meaning of what the Bible says is clear on its own terms, as indeed is most literature. When those in favour of women's ordination are willing to concede that, and operate in that way, we will have a real progression to the truth and for the truth



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The Great Disaster

Lesley Hicks

Francis Schaeffer's last book has a dramatic cover illustration — a neat little church building on a patch of lawn perched precariously on a slender, eroded column in a desert. An unforgettable image of the danger he sees besetting the evangelical church in the Western world, it comes from a satirical cartoon-style film made by the

Like David Watson's Fear No Evil, The Great Evangelical Disaster was written in the midst of a battle with terminal cancer. But unlike Watson's, Schaeffer's book has nothing to do with his illness — that only sharpened his urgency to complete this his final message, the culmination of his life's work and ministry.

As any who have read his books can testify, Schaeffer's writing style can be irritating. He is first and foremost a teacher, dealing often with broad and sweeping themes of philosophy and the history of ideas. In order to ram home his message, he repeats himself frequently; moreover, the ideas in his books keep on recurring. Yet because he is teaching such isly important and much challenged truths, I can defend and appreciate his style of argument.

Some quotations will help make clear the themes of his book.

Truth Compromised "Here is the great evangelical disaste

— the failure of the evangelical world to stand for truth as truth. There is only one word for this — namely accommodation: the evangelical church has accommodated to the world spirit of the age. First, there has been accommodation on Scripture, so that many who call themselves evangelicals hold a weakened view of the Bible and no longer affirm the truth of all that the Bible teaches — truth not only in religious matters but also in the areas of science and history and

"We must acknowledge and then act upon the fact that if Christ is our Saviour, ne is also our Lord in all of life . . . If we truly love our Lord and if we truly love own country (U.S.A.) and across the world. We must do all we can to help people see the truth of Christianity and accept Christ as Saviour. And we must not allow the Bible to be weakened by any compromise in its authority, no matter how subtle the means." (P 39-40)

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Evangelical

History of Presbyterians

Schaeffer discusses the history of his own denomination, the American Presbyterians, who sold out completely, in his view, to theological liberalism in the earlier years of this century. As a corollary came moral relativism. He himself felt he had no option but to leave them. But he records with sadness that many who separated from apostate churches on doctrinal grounds - that is in the interests of truth - failed to show the other essential facet of the nature of God

Now at this latter end of the twentieth century, Schaeffer sees evangelicals in general, those who previously honoured the Bible and resisted the destructive liberalism, showing the same tendency to bend the word of God to fit the world's

Favourite Causes

The areas he highlights as examples of liberation theology - socialist action as a means of bringing the kingdom of God; many of the emphases of the World Council of Churches; the Peace Movement ("altogether utopian and romantic. It would lead, as utopianism always has in this fallen world, to disaster" P129); abortion — the attitude 'I'm personally against abortion, but . . .'; and what he calls The Feminist

He writes: "To deny the truth of what it means to be male and female as taught in the Scriptures is to deny something essential about the nature of man and about the character of God and his relationship to man. But this denial has equally tragic consequences for society and human life. If we accept the idea of equality without distinction, we logically must accept the ideas of abortion and homosexuality . . . There are evangelicals who completely deny the biblical pattern for male and female relationships in the home and church. . . . Others affirm the acceptability of homosexuality and even the idea of homosexual 'marriage'. . . . Some evangelical leaders, in fact, have changed their views about inerrancy as a direct consequence of trying to come to terms with feminism." (Pp 136-7)

Francis Schaeffer sees as a disaster the lack of a "clear voice speaking to the crucial issues of the day with distinctively biblical, Christian answers." This "evangelical accommodation to the world of our age represents the removal of the last barrier against the breakdown of our culture. And with the final removal of this barrier will come social chaos and the rise of authoritarianism in s to restore social order." (P 141)

Loving Confrontation

So Schaeffer speaks his last word as a passionate prophet to this generation. We will do well to consider his thesis carefully, whether it is to our liking or not. His final chapter is a reprint of The Mark of the Christian, which appeared or the Christian, which appeared originally in The Church at the End of the Twentieth Century, and then as a separate monograph. Its essence is that we must engage in confrontation with error and evil, but must never forget that the distinctive mark of the Christian is love an "observable love and oneness between all true Christians".

* Published by Crossway Books, large ormat paperback, \$11.75.

Symposium on future of historic churches

There is rising concern in the community regarding the future of historic church buildings throughout Australia. To encourage public debate the National Trust (Victoria) has taken the initiative in organizing a symposium called "Conflict and Reconciliation: The Future of Our Historic Churches", at St. Mary's College, University of Melbourne, Parkville, Victoria, on Saturday, 17th November,

The objectives of this symposium are:

- (1) To discuss the development of attitudes for and against preservation of church buildings in the Christian Church and the theological and philosophical justification for this
- (2) To discuss what has occurred in church preservation in Australia and overseas and the solutions adopted.

This is the first time such a symposium

A range of distinguished speakers will present numerous and differing views on the topic of historic church preservation. It is hoped that as a-result of this symposium significant public discussion will be aroused and lead to further symposia on the future of historic

The symposium is being organized by the National Trust Moyle Restoration Appeal, P.O. Box 200, Camberwell, Victoria, 3124. The cost, including lunch, etc. and symposium proceedings is \$20 per person, students and pensioners \$12.00. Bookings and further information can be obtained from the Symposium Convenors, John Henwood and Tom Hazell at the above address.

'None for the road'

Abstension the only safe level

The August, 1984 issue of "SOUTHERN CROSS" addresses itself to the problems of beverage alcohol. "Governmental

beverage alcohol. In our alcoholdominated society, few clergymen ever utter any prophetically critical word about the issue. Our people are at the mercy of the propaganda that the multi-million dollar liquor traffic can buy.

The 1977 Report of the Standing Committee on Social Welfare entitled, "Drug Problems in Australia: An Intoxicated Society?", powerfully reinforced the fact that beverage alcohol is Australia's main drug of addiction. The mass media will not face that fact. The media wax hot about heroin and cocaine No advertising revenue is derived from the heroin and cocaine pushers. The Liquor Sellers run big advertising accounts. The impact of Random Breath Testing has brought home to all but the wilfully blind the lethal relationship that exists between liquor and driving. Random Testing has made responsible citizens re-evaluate their attitu called social drinking. "SOUTHERN CROSS" is correct when it asserts that until we reduce the overall level of alcohol consumption we cannot expect a reduction in the social and health evils

The 1984 Federal Budget's excise on wine will reduce consumption by raising the price. The cries of protest from South

new concept for Christian artists and

To this end the centre has already been

Church Services

actively involved in bringing people together and providing employmen

media people in Australia - Cara Centre

Director, Mark Seton sees the centre as

nerto neglected group of people

Christian artists "cara"

Australia's wine growers must be set against the health of the nation. The prosperity of the liquor sellers is procured at the expense of our national well-being

The 1977 Senate Report called for curbs on liquor advertising but this will be countered by the arguments that the Tobacco Sellers employ, namely, (a) that they should be free to advertise a product that is legal and (b) that advertising does not increase consumption, but merely promotes competition between the various brands on the market.

"SOUTHERN CROSS" says "If society is consumption, it must be told what consititutes a safe level of drinking. "Moderation" cannot be satisfactorily defined and heavy drinkers and problem drinkers" in the early stages of their alcoholic experience. "Southern Cross" is asking a question that cannot be

The Fence of Prevention (alcohol-free living) is far superior to the Ambulance of Treatment waiting to patch up the victims of beverage alcohol after they have fallen

People with an acute social conscience who realise something of the ramifications of this problem should help, by their example, to create a climate of opinion in which the principles of alcohol-free living are recognised as the BETTER WAY.

Submissive Christians make the way of

silence and the consumption of alcohol" is the heading of the article.

The pulpit cannot justly blame Governments for their passivity about

the exploiters all too easy.

The centre, which has received initial

funding is a non-profit organisation. The name Cara is derived from Christian Arts Resources of Australia and is managed by

a committe of prominent business and

The future for Cara looks bright, as

more and more people find the value of such an organisation.'

Accommodation

CLASSIFIEDS

arts people drawn from the Christian

minister about it. The problem will only get worse in the future. The Youth and munity Services Department gave

Synod Guide, continued

ACR Could you describe the type of

Tom Lots of them are single people in their 20's and 30's. They have usually turned to a homosexual or lesbian

in their life. They may have lost their jo have nowhere to live, and thus start to

the same sex.

share accommodation with someone of

Many feel that they have "missed the

boat" and complain there are no single people of the opposite sex around that

they could eventually marry. Many of

them, who are not hardened homosexuals, are Christians who have very big hurts which have not been

healed and they turn to anyone who

ACR Is there a sure fire answer to this

Tom I don't really know the answer. What

... who has been through it and come out; who battles with it and trusts in God

In Britain the True Freedom Trust has

I would like to see someone from the Trust brought out here to establish a

Secondly, we need some decent

people who do not wish to speak to their

been established. They minister to homosexuals. They conduct seminars, go on speaking tours and personally give hope to Christian homosexuals that they

can have victory over their

they need is somebody who understands

relationship after some crisis has erupted

osexual practices and come to you

The other recommendation of the Standing Committee report on the Diaconate was that leave be granted for the Committee to consider the nature of a distinctive and permanent diaconate with a view to a full report being brought

Comment

The recommendations are very modest, and because they do no more than allow the idea of deacon to be considered, as in the New Testament, as covering both male and female (Romans 16:1) are unexceptional and deserve support, provided that the hopefully forthcoming report on the whole notion of the diaconate is also grounded in the New Testament. As it now stands, the Anglican understanding of the diaconate does not allow a deacon to be head of a congregation, and therefore the admission of women to that order would not appear to cut across well founded New Testament principles. The proposal to change section 66 of the Con although in itself, not very radical. It would just mean that it removes a some of its fundamental declarations. It would still need, as now, the full assent of all diocesan Synods in Australia to do

Priesthood

On the resolution of last Synod Standing Committee appointed a committee to further consider the issues "left over" from the report to Synod in 1983 on women's ordination to the

priesthood. That Synod thoroughly defeated the proposal to ordain women to the presbyterate, being of the mind that "the proposal is (not) consistent wi

Homosexuality and

the Church Are we doing enough?

December 1983. The City Council has given money for a similar venture. These services are to help homosexuals live as

I feel we won't do anything until more influential clergymen are faced with either homosexuals in their parish

council, or acting as wardens or elders, or, it hits their own family.

ACR What importance does the local congregation play in ministering to

Tom Our congregation is small and

constantly changing. Furthermore, many are overburdened with work and do not have the time to help. They do what they

can. Homosexuals need a great deal of

situation. Unfortunately help is not

ACR Can homosexuals fit into your

Tom Yes, they can and do: But we find that once they start up another casual relationship they drop off. When it's over they come back. We need to be constantly on the lookout. The first sign that they have lapsed into a homosexual relationship is when they close register to reside the start of the star

relationship is when they stop coming to

church. They usually come for help when

(P.S. Since this interview, the NSW Minister for Youth and Community Services, Mr. Frank Walker, has withdrawn

the \$20,000 grant to the Gay Counselling Service as it sought to promote a paedophile workshop.)

Are we doing enough?

You be the judge!

homosexuals?

always available.

homosexuals. What do we do as a

church? We sit by and let it happer

Homosexuality within our society and our churches is a growing problem. What ministry is being exercised among these people? How might we go forward? Is there any hope for practicing homosexuals? The Australian Church Record sought the views of a Sydney clergyman (we will call him Tom) who has had an extensive ministry to these people.

These "left over" issues included interpretation and application of bible

The resultant report notes the many different points of view on the question of women's ordination, and then in an appendix gives a resume of the arguments for and against such ordination, and a draft resolution which would allow each diocese in Australia to ordain women to the presbyterate as the think fit without waiting, as now they are obliged to, for the concurrence of all other dioceses.

In substance the report recommends two things — discussion at parish and rural deanery level of the report and its appendix, and Standing Committee to set up a debate of the major issues in the 1985 Synod.

A minority report from one committee member disagrees with the entire substance of the report on a number of strong grounds — it excludes the congregation from giving assent to the placement of a woman priest over it. It notes that there is no agreement over the biblical principles to be applied to the question although the report acts as if there is, and regards the New Testament alone as the grounds for "reasonable objection" to women's ordination, not "tradition" "ecumenical relations", etc.

Comment

The report is, in fact, a failure. It nowhere fulfils, or even attempts to fulfil, its mandate to consider the question of

biblical interpretation. For that reason alone, because this is at the very foundation of our faith, Synod would be well advised to reject the report's recommendations outright. To set up local discussion groups and a full blow Sydnod debate in 1985 without proper attention to this fundamental question is to skate around the central issue and create an unbiblical smokescreen. In our opinion the minority report is right at every point, and needs close attention

More has to be said though. The proposed resolution" in the face of synod's clear expression of mind that ordination of women to the presbyterate is against the teaching of the Bible is not only cheeky, but downright offensive. If it is wrong for Sydney diocese to ordain women to the presbyterate on the grounds of scripture, then it is wrong for every diocese. This resolution smacks of a political gambit to have Synod, and the parishes of the diocese through the discussion of the proposal, act as if we had never come to the firm conclusion that women priests are against the mind

As to the appendix which seeks to summarise the arguments for and against ordination, on the "against" side its summary at some points can only be described as silly, and more likely to

As the report failed to fulfil its brief at its most crucial level and work on the vexed question of the principles of biblical interpretation, and in effect skates around Synod's firm stand on the issue, it is too thoroughly an incompetent and pejorative document to use as a basis for ongoing discussion. It should be let die a natural death. If per chance Synod wishes

to reconstitute another committee to look at these issues it should make sure that it has the strong and dominant theological and new testament scholarship representation that the 1982 committee had. If Synod cannot satisfy itself on this point it would be best advised to let the whole idea of a review of the background factors to we ordination lapse altogether.

"Towards a Theology of Ordination"

This is an interesting report from the Doctrine Commission reviewing the historical aspects in Anglican theology, especially of the 16th to 17th centurie on the question of ordination. A part of the wider context of this report is the favourable 1983 report to Synod on lay presidency in the Lord's Supper.

In essence the report states that although the Anglican writers of the 16th and 17th centuries gave unequivocal preference to the threefold order of Bishops priests and deacons, it saw then as little more than "acceptable" to God and not necessarily binding on all christians everywhere. Helpfully, it is noted that not only was goodwill expressed towards other Protestant ways of ordering ministry, but also, other ministers of the Reformed and Lutheran Churches were instituted to Church of England charges without re-ordination.

The report then ranges across the major highlights of the Anglican theology of ordination up till the present day, putting quite some emphasis on the work of the 19th century New Testament scholar, Lightfoot. Its closing remark is that on the grounds of history and theology Anglicanism does **not** see

Continued page 12

8 - AUSTRALIAN CHURCH RECORD, OCTOBER 1, 1984

Responses to the MOW-ACR

In June and July we published in four parts a debate on the theological issues raised by the call for ordination for women to the presbyterate on the same basis as men by the Movement for the Ordination of Women.

The following are two different responses, from divergent points of view on that discussion which we present for

Moore Debating about the ordination of Women

to the presbyterate on the same basis as men on the grounds of biblical theology, kindly offered the ACR the following response to the ACR-MOW debate.

In recent weeks I have been given everal copies of the Australian Church Record to read by a friend who thought debate in it about the ordination of

confesses its stance is a "positional one by which it means it exists to promote

I am a graduate of Moore Theological College and my memories of the four years in that institution are among the happiest in my life. I made some wonderful friends, I gained a deep and wide-ranging understanding of Scripture and a love for academic theological study. My greatest debt is to Dr. Knox and on who were my retheology is firmly rooted in the Bible. In lectures and discussions I learnt how to exegete the Scriptures and to gather thei teaching so that an overall picture could be seen. In post graduate New Testament studies these tools were well used in completing a detailed study of eschatology and ecclesiology in Luke-Acts. In fact it is this methodology which has led me to change my mind about the

I dectected, however, that alongside of this great concern to understand and ply Scripture, there was also a very ionalistic element in much of the teaching given at Moore College which mportance given to the study of philosophy, which we all pursued for the full four years, in the use of Aristotelian logic to settle theological questions and in the way systematic theology was

Most issues were set up as stark alternatives: The universal church or the local church; salvation by grace (Calvinism) or salvation by works (Arminianism); the plenary inspiration of Scripture or liberalism' the centrality of proclamation or sacramentalism etc. etc and involving but its great danger was

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that a minority always accepted the given preferred position with even more vigour than its proponent.

Many of us who could never see things quite so starkly, even as young men, have as the years passed become even less noured with this approach. It is good to have a clearly articulated theology and to be convinced about the foundational truths of the faith but some humility is needed in assessing the strengths of our own position and much charity in assessing that of those with whom we differ. The great problem with the dogmatic Reformed position is that it presupposes that sinful, fallen men can know the mind of God without distortion. This claim, when pressed consistently, is however beset with one great weakness. It comes in conflict with ther central truth for Reformed of the total depravity of man. This teaches that sin impairs every aspect of man's life including his theological reasoning.

This lengthy preamble is needed to explain why some young men from Moore College argue as they do and to set the stage for this modest, cursory response to the recent Church Record

The Debate about Women In the debate about women the the decade about women the rationalistic stand in Moore College theology comes to the fore. It is clearly seen in the **Church Record** articles we are discussing. The debate did not really engage with Scripture but concentrated debaters for the Moore College team were John Woodhouse and Robert Forsyth. Answering their relentless attack were Susanne Glover, Gordon Preece and Charles Sherlock. I deliberately phrased this last sentence to bring out the nature of the debate. The interchange was not really a quest for truth but a front to set up MOW as a group of inconsistent, sem liberals. When Susanne, Gordon or Charles made a point their protagonists pursued them relentlessly seeking at every point to box them into a corner. The aim was to show up some logical inconsistency not to seek to grasp the mind of Christ. Special attention was given to Charles Sherlock. They engaged him in a debate about the Trinity which they were convinced gave the perfect analogy for the man-woman relationship Ontologically the three persons are equal but functionally the Son and the Spirit are subject to the Father. So why could not men and women, they ask, be logically equal but women be

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Charles should have avoided this minefield altogether by rejecting the idea that the argument could be settled by analogy for this is not the methodology of Biblical theology but of philosophy and mythology. But he did enter into the arena and valiantly battled on eventually making a superb and winning point which was totally ignored and then dismissed out of hand by the editorial which followed the final transcript.
Charles pointed out that the orthodox doctrine of the Trinity spoke of the perichoresis, or mutual interdependence, of the three persons. Whatever the Father does, the Son does and whatever the Father and the Son do the Spirit does also inderstand the subordination in the Trinity it does not exclude certain person from certain tasks. I meant the traditional explanation of the subordination of women excludes them specifically from certain tasks — the ones men want to

Dogmatic Blinkers The debate showed that because

Forsyth and Woodhouse began with certain fixed premises they would not consider in an open way the illogical nature of some of their own arguments. They pressed for logical consistency and rational argument but even a quick reading of the articles showing so many holes in their argumentation that a flock of sheep could get through. Many examples could be given but a good one is what we have just discussed, the argument about the Trinity. The traditionalists want to argue that womer can be permanently subordinated to mer without threatening their equality. It is true that any person can be placed under another without demeaning them. A cricket team is a good example. One person is the captain and ten other members are placed under him as ordinary players. But a moment's reflection soon shows that what is asked of women is totally different. In the cricket team it is possible for any player to become captain and any part of the game is open to any player. The captain does not hog the bat throughout the permanently subordinated to men. Because they are women and for no they are women and for no other reason they must be excluded from the ego enhancing, primary roles. They can instruct children; lead, and teach and found churches in difficult and to serve in a church in comfortable cannot see things as they really are. Wor ien are being permanently set under men, in a very convenient, male-designed hierarchy. They are told they are really equals but their permanent placement shows that the old subordinating

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The Bible In taking up the example of cricket

team I have resorted to argument by analogy, which I learnt in my student days, but it proves nothing for one can think of some other facet of the analogy to reply or make some other deduction. The discussion about the role of women must concentrate on the Biblical data. It is simply because Robert Forsyth and John Woodhouse say so little about Biblical teaching I am convinced it is "the party line" rather than good Biblical theology which motivates them. It is time that here as with every major doctrine, proof texts but the question always arises which set of text fit together best to give a coherent picture. In the old subordinating theology Tim 2, 1-12 is the starting point. The two coments about male "Headship" (1 Cor. 11:2-3, Eph 5:22) are taken to support this and we are told the underlying foundation is the order of creation as seen in Gen 2 where woman is set unde man before sin entered the world. What this theology cannot adequately explain is why lesus at best did not mention such subordination and at worst (for their case) challenge it, and why the apostolic practice was to allow women the most significant forms of leadership. Here we need to remember that in the earliest churches prophets were the usual congregational leaders and women clearly assumed this role. This position also needs to answer, why there is nothing in the actual text of Gen 2 to much to the contrary.

The new egalitarian theology begins with the teaching of Jesus which demands women be given equality of consideration and at no point allows for their subordination. It then moves on to outline the essence of the New Testam basis of ministry which can be clearly seen in Acts 2:17-18, 1 Cor 12:7, 1 Pete 4:10-11. These primary theological texts affirm that to each Christian, irrespective of sex, the Spirit give a ministry. It is the Spirit who assigns these ministries and all confirms that this theolgoy has been correctly understood. We find wome etc. When the overall picture has been gained then the one or possibily two problematic but they can be explained as regulative comments in response to some specific abuse. The first text raises no significant problems. It may even be a textual interpolation, as F.F. Bruce amongst others argues, but the second text is difficult. This needs to be honestly stated. But one difficult-to-interpret versions not invalidate the new theology, for all we wish to argue is that this new

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debate on Women's Ordination

lecturer at Ridley College (Melbourne,) Robert Forsyth, Rector of St. Barnabas Broadway in Sydney, Susanne Glover, a graduate in theology from Moore College and London University and currently doing post-graduate research at the University of Sydney, Gordon Preece, curate at the Anglican Church of Blacktown in the western area of Sydney, and John Woodhouse, a lecturer at Moore College (Sydney).

A Catholic view

debate on the ordination of women to the priesthood which has recently appeared in the Australian Church Record.

The debate clearly pointed to very different approaches to both Scripture and Tradition leading to quite different conclusions about the ordination of

Not only were the approaches to the "evidence" different, but the presuppositions brought to the debate clearly influenced the turn of events.

The MOW group, heavily influenced by on the basis of function between male and female as a "put down" of women

For the MOW representatives a male-Church. This betrays a heavily clericalised view of the Church which do view of the Church which does not altogether surprise me. The clergy have power" and laity do not. Hence, a male ood means the forced

the Divine fiat as far as the sexes are concerned and, indeed, as far as people are concerned in general.

The fact that women have babies and men not only may not, but can not, does not suggest, to me at any rate, that women exercise "power" over men. I am not arguing that because women have babies they may not be priests. But I do insist that differentiation of function does not, of itself, imply inferiority to others who have been excluded from a particular function. This should apply a fortiori in the life of the Church.

given to a rationalism which leave little room for mystery in our revealed religion. Mr. Sherlock argues that for women to be

Moore debating, continued

men is to take the word "voluntary" away'

Mr. Sherlock simply misunderstands the argument. Voluntary subordination is linked to the very nature of God and represents the ideal way in which human relationships are meant to work. The fact that sinful people do not wish to be sign of sin and not of God's plan for His people living lives under grace.

However, Mr. Sherlock is right to refer to the doctrine of perichoresis, th "mutual interdependence" in the Trinity. If this is lived out in the Church we would with each other but as part of the ually interdependent range of istries which make up the body of Christ and which, therefore, in harmo seek to achieve the mind of Christ.

Evidence of the Gospels

Perhaps the most surprising thing from a Catholic point of view was the little weight given to "authority" and to the evidence in the Gospels.

To take the second point first. It is a fact context. Christians have generally accepted that God knew what He was doing, and that the whole of the Gospe was situated in that context because the context itself was important. Are we to regard it as entirely accidental that this Jewish context had no women priests althought other religions of the day did?

Further, Jesus chose 12 leaders who were all men. The Church felt able to vary 2 qualifications, namely Jewishness and the number 12 when it came to appointing more leaders. She did not feel able to vary the maleness of the 12, and ordination of women in the following centuries when christianity was no longer to be found in a predominately Jewish

position makes **more sense** of the data than the old one. In the doctrine of the Trinity, to which some Moore men love to

refer, there are several problematic texts which stand in tension to the orthodo: position but the best theologians of th early church minimised their significance to safeguard the central issues. The Christian theologian who wants to insist on the need to grant women equality of consideration must do the same. There are no easy options in this debate but gradually most Christians are coming to see that there must be some fundamental contrary to the mind of Christ as seen in

Postscript

Should anyone wish to trace the origins of the rationalistic, Aristotelian element in ome Reformed theology then a book to and K. K. M. Kim, The Authority and Interpretation of the Bible: An Historical Approach, Harper & Row, 1979. These authors show that whereas Calvin himsel

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rejected rationalistic argument and Aristotelian logic as the basis of, and handmaid for, theology, some of his sucessors reverted to this methodology This alien stand in Reformed theology was exported to America and embraced with great enthusiasm by the Princeton theologians — Hodge, Alexander, Warfield etc. - who used it with great success to fight the emancipation of slaves and the growing liberal approach to the Bible. In the Reformed theology of Barth and Berkouwer it constantly come under attack. Unfortunately it still finds some support in Reformed circles in South Africa where it is used to support

This last point does make one think. A pattern suddenly emerges. The one theology which has consistently oppos ination — of slaves, blacks in South Africa and women — is the are discussing. Is one of its hidden presuppositions a fixed hierarchial view

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MANAGER ADMINISTRATION ANGLICAN CHURCH OFFICES DIOCESE OF SYDNEY, P.O. BOX Q190, QUEEN VICTORIA BUILDINGS SYDNEY NSW 2000 choose women in the 12 because of the sociological conditions of His day. This suggestion raises a number of very serious issues.

- 1. Who is more likely to be sociologically conditioned or hindered, MOW or the Incarnate Word of God?
- Jesus was not afraid to teach radically different views about women from those that were generally accepted at
- It is likely that Jesus would set up a Church which, from the beginning, systematically institutionalised the repression of women. If so, what has become of the God of love?
- 4. If the Incarnate Word of God got this issue wrong, which other of His teachings (by word or example) also need to be modified in the light of the wisdom of this age?
- 5. What becomes of the objective revelation of God to man if the context otherwhelms the Gospel at certain important points?
- 6. If Christ chose 12 men arbitrarily and indeed became a male arbitrarily, then this would constitute a serious attack on the docrine of God. If God is arbitrary in one or two things then that would mean He is arbitrary by nature. Which of course would mean that God is not God in the sense that Christians have always understood Him to be. (see Articles 1 & 2 of the 39 Articles of Religion).

It seems to me that Mrs. Susan Glover's case is particularly vulnerable to the kinds of questions stated here. Mrs. Glover simply does not want to hear that obedience to Christ may involve her in "voluntary submission". Yet, whichever side of the debate you are on, priests and people are to be voluntarily mutua submissive. Mrs. Glover links male priesthood with political power in direct contravention of Christ's injunction not

The logic of Mrs. Glovers's position is that Christ got it wrong initially, because "suppressing women in a voluntary submission" is the same, in her view, as having an all-male priesthood.

Mrs. Glover's aggressive pursuit of this point leads her also to gratuitously state that Mr. Forsyth's "ideas of women are less" than what she would like them to be. This personalising of the debate is pretty standard stuff for MOW but adds

Authority and interpretation?

As to the question of authority, I found

but I would want to know just who has

Reformation Church was an attempt to get the Church to reform herself through Gospel were numerous and distorted fundamental tenets of the Christian faith, particularly the central truth that man is justified by grace through faith, that we cannot earn our own salvation.

Since neither Pope nor Council would asked themselves just how could the Church be reformed and on what basis. In England this was done on a national basis and by appeal to the supremacy of

But whose interpretation of Scripture was to prevail? The answer given and generally followed was "the undivided Church". The Church of England saw itself as the Catholic Church, cutting away more than that which could be established by Scripture as it had been received in the early Church.

Since the orders of bishop, priest, and deacon were clearly part of the consensus of the early Church as its ministry developed, the Church of England retained that ministry in the form which she had received it. That much in the Book of Common Prayer.

The issue is not whether the Anglicans always correctly understood Scripture and the way the early Church received it. The issue is authority. I believe that the Anglican Church is committed to certain things which are joint possession whole Church of God.

It is the whole Church that determined the Canon of Scripture. And it is the whole Church that determined the ordained ministry of the Church (I do not argue here whether such a ministry is of the esse, bene esse, or plene esse of the Church).

It would be unsafe, to say the least, for Anglicans to unilaterally change a common possession of the Church and to introduce a novelty of doubtful and certainly hofly disputed theological

The fact that some Anglican Provinces have gone it alone is a testimony to human perversity and not a istration of the unity and harm of the Church which is one of the gifts of

fundamental questions canvassed in you debate. It also raises equally fundamental questions connected with the objective revelation of God to man, the nature of the Christian priesthood itself, and the authority of the Church to develop doctrine and practice.

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