

Bishop Reid presenting the Diploma of Youth Ministry to Ian Walker, graduate Anglican

The Anglican Youth Worker's Course had its Fifth Graduation Ceremony on March 24. This brought the total number of Graduates to twenty. Graduates of the Course are currently engaged in youth work in Perth and Melbourne and throughout the Sydney diocese as well as in N.S.W. government institutions.

Ridley bursting at seams

Ridley College has a record forty-one full-time theological students doing courses this year.

There are more than two hundred and thirty students altogether, with a record number of part-time students as well.

The acting Principal of Ridley, Dr. David Williams, warned the large crowd at Commencement in early March that the College could have trouble coping with the increase in student numbers.

He said that already the library was very cramped and that it would not be long before they ran out of lecture room

Dr. Williams said, "My fear is that we will find later this year that we just don't have the lecture and study space we need. It's reaching the stage where students who don't live on campus are

having difficulty finding a place just to sit down to study."

He said there was an urgent need to begin work on the new library teaching block but this was governed by the osity of people who saw the need.

The cost of the extensions is put at \$750,000, of which at least \$350,000 will need to come from parishes.

A highlight of Commencement was an address by Dr. Charles Sherlock.

Dr. Sherlock, a lecturer in Theology at Ridley, spent last year in the United States on sabbatical.

He gave a thought provoking appraisal of the difference in national attitude between the American and Australian national spirit.

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Catherine Marshall dies

following a protracted fight against cancer

Born in Tennessee in 1914. Catherine Marshall came to prominence with her first book, A Man Called Peter, written after the death of her husband in 1949. Ten years later the married publisher Leonard LeSourd. She leaves him and four children.

She has written 18 books, which have been translated into 30 languages.

National Conference on Faith, Science and Technology

announced plans to hold a national Conference on Faith, Science and Technology in December, 1983. The Conference will bring together an interdisciplinary group of people including scientists, theologians, students, unionists and others to consider issues which cannot adequately be dealt with in the confines of any single discipline.

In presenting the program to the A.C.C. the organising secretary, Ms. Chris Ledger, said that the Conference will attempt to de-mystify science and technology so that ordinary people can feel free to participate.

Ms. Ledger considers that modern society has become so complex that ordinary people feel they have lost control of daily events. There is for many people a lack of the skills, materials and competence simply to survive.

The aims of the Conference, adopted by the A.C.C. Executive include the need to recognise the difficulty felt by both the churches and the scientific community to 'make sense" of the global predicament.

Ms. Ledger said this was a key emphasis in the Conference, the global problems of poverty, environmental pollution, economic uncertainty and the over-riding threat of annihilation from nuclear warfare have created a climate of fear in which decisions seemed to be far removed from the life of the people, she said.

Bryan Greenwood to direct "Walk Thru the Bible Ministries"

As from June, 1983, Mr. Bryan Greenwood will take over the full-time direction of Walk Thru the Bible Ministries. For the past 28 years, Mr. Greenwood has been significantly involved with Open Air Campaigners as an evangelist and Bible teacher; and as State Director for Victoria O.A.C. for 25 years. His faithful ministry in these areas has been well-known throughout Victoria as well as his contribution to the O.A.C. development oughout Australia and several overseas

The new position with Walk Thru the Bible Ministries will see Bryan take over the directorship from Rev. Carry Coleman who has been instructing for WTB since June, 1980 and who has been Interim Director since June of last year. Mr. Coleman is planning to move to the U.S.A. later this year to take up studies for M. Div., and D. Min. degrees, These studies will commence at the Conservative Baptist Theological Seminary in Denver, Colorado in September. He will also continue

MARANATHA! SEX

Someone recently made the comment 'I didn't know sex had anything to do with

A book published a few years ago is called "God Thought of Sex First". Does that surprise you? It shouldn't. Sexuality is a wonderful gift given to men and women by God to be enjoyed.

That's why God gives us the command

The reason God gives this gift to men and women and adds the Commandment is to show us how He meant the gift to be used. Put in a word, sex is to be enjoyed by a man and woman within the marriage relationship. Not before, not outside, but in the marriage relationship.

In other words sex is to be part of a caring, trusting, life-long relationsl between a man and a woman.

A few years ago Time magazine published the results of a survey amongst women overseas. They came up with the surprising result that 'religious' women had a greater degree of satisfaction in sexual relationships than 'non-religious But is this surprising? Religious people, and certainly Christian people believe two things. About God, that He can be trusted, so they take His Command to be faithful to their marriage partner seriously. About others that they try to put them first.

Sex needs to be seen in its right context. It is not the be all and end all of marriage. Sex is for marriage, not marriage for sex.

Both the husband and wife ought to be considerate with each other in the sexual side of their marriage as in every other aspect of their marriage.

Yes, God thought of sex first. It is not dirty (so it should not be joked about). It is not to be endured by the wife (so the husband should act considerately with his wife). It is not to be with-held as a nipulative tool in marriage

It is intended to be part of the trusting and caring marriage partnership (so it should not be publicly portrayed on film, books or stage

Rather it is to be enjoyed, to be used as God wanted it to be, as a husband and wife come together in their relationship of care and trust.

Where a person has failed to keep this Commandment, there can be forgiveness. It is not the unforgiveable sin. If a person humbly turns from his or disobedience, trusts in Jesus and ows God, then God grants forgiveness, and the strength and help of the Holy Spirit to use this sexual gift (and all His gifts) as He intended.

Peter Brain

teaching the WTB Seminars during this

Mr. Greenwood will work with his wife Norma, in the administration and development of WTB as this unique Bible Survey programme continues to grow in impact across Australia and New Zealand. There are presently seven Instructors teaching the Seminars, each being a pastor of a church, and doing the eminar teaching at weekends as the eminar schedule and their Church esponsibilities allow. Each man has a particular contribution to the presentation of the six hour programme and has seen the Lord's hand of blessing on their teaching as a number of people from each seminar indicate having accepted Christ as Saviour, on the day, or ave made a significant com the Lord during the day's teaching

Mr. Greenwood is presently visiting North America, where he will spend time at the Headquarters of Walk Thru the Bible Ministries in Atlanta, Georgia. This will enable him to meet the leaders and founder of the work and to see the operation of the other departments of this rapidly growing ministry. He will also undertake a teaching ministry programme in other parts of the U.S.A. and Canada, and will be joined by his wife, Norma, for the latter part of the visit.



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New Zadok director welcomed in Sydney

Dr. Peter Marshall, a scholar with a wide diversity of background and interest was welcomed as the new Director of the Zadok Centre at a meeting held in Robert Menzies College, Macquarie University on the 18th April, 1983. In introducing Dr. Marshall, the Rev. David Claydon mentioned his diversity of background as God's provision for Zadok as it moves from its pioneering phase into a permanent place of ministry within Australian Christianity.

1775 1776



Zadok, The Scripture Union Australian Padok, The Scripture Onion Australian Fellowship of Evangelical Students
National Study Centre, is a study research facility designed to assist Christians respond to the changing situation in Australia. Mr. Claydon described it as a centre to help people think and act Christianly. Zadok began operations in January 1977, under its first director. Dr. January 1977 under its first director, Dr. David Millikan who became wide known through the book and the television series "The Sunburnt Soul" Working within the theological framework of the two parent bodies under a Board of Directors, Zadok has produced a number of papers on Christian values and contemporary issues and presented a number of conferences and seminars.

Dr. Marshall is well-known to many people in the Anglican Church, as he was ordained in the Diocese of Sydney in 1975 after completing his B.D. from London University at Moore Theological College in 1974. He served curacies in both St. Matthew's, Manly and St. Swithun's, Pymble before pursuing full-time doctoral studies at Macquarie University, Before entering Moore College, Peter Marshall had considerable

within the Brethren church. He had worked in insurance and marketing and eventually became the Marketing Manager of Sentry Insurance, so brings a first hand experience of the business world. Dr. Marshall was awarded his doctorate in 1981 where his special field of interest was the Social World of Early Christianity. Since that time he has been a Lecturer in the Department of Studies in Religion at Queensland University.

In outlining the tasks that will confront him, Dr. Marshall noted two in particular. Firstly the operation must be placed on a sound basis both administratively and financially and more than 50% of his time would probably be directed to this end. Secondly, Dr. Marshall expressed his concern that he might have time to think and plan to raise and answer questions such as "What is Christianity like in Australia at the present", "How Do We Perceive the Activity of God", "What are the Theological Issues". At several points Dr. Marshall stressed his great concern that Zadok should not work independently from others but rather in a co-operative way. People and resources are too small to be dissipated in many organisations duplicating the same areas of work. He foreshadowed inc cooperation with groups such as World Vision and I.T.I.M. and discussions with Christians in Business and the Trade Union Movement. In response to a question, Dr. Marshall answered the criticism that Zadok had sometime appeared to have a negative attitude towards the Church. He did not believe that this negative attitude existed though sometimes the interpretation of data had necessarily led to negative comments on the work of the institutional churches. On the positive side he instanced situations where local churches had sought the expertise and resources of Zadok in tackling some particularly difficult ministry situations found in inner city parishes.

Dr. Marshall looks to the work of Dr. Marshall looks to the work of Zadok becoming more visible and mentioned the forthcoming Public Servants' Conference as a landmark in their work. Entitled "Private Values and Public Policy" the conference will be held at the Australian National University from May 6 to 8, 1983. He is tackling the question of ethics in decision making for question of ethics in decision-making for Christians in the Public Service drawing people together from all over Australia.

The recently published "The Shape of Belief - Christianity in Australia Today has been well received and once again given greater visibility to the work of Zadok. In his three months at Zadok, Dr. Marshall and his wife, Pat, have brought enthusiasm to the work of the centre and are looking forward to furthering their work on behalf of all Australian Christian and are seeking the co-operation of all Christians and churches in this work.

New Senior Canon at St. John's Parramatta

Canon Peter Loane's long and fruitful ministry at St. John's Cathedral Parramatta in the Diocese of Sydney, came to a close mid-April with his retirement after 22 years as Rector and then Senior Canon of St. John's historic parish.

His retirement and farewell on April 10th was tinged with sadness and concern because of serious health problems he has suffered in recent

The Archbishop, with the approval of

the Cathedral Chapter, has appointed Canon Ray Bomford to succeed Canon Loane as Rector and Senior Canor

Canon Bomford has been a member of the Chapter for the past five years and is currently Rector of Christ Church Springwood, and Rural Dean of the Blue Mountains. He will be inducted to his new position on 21st June.

Bishop Short will preside at the service of Parramatta, Ven. W. H. Newmarch.

"Unity on the basis of the 39 Articles"

A press release states:

Conformity to the truth of Scripture must be the only basis for Anglican unity with other communions, a public meeting of Anglicans United and Interdenominational Fellowship for the Thirty-Nine Articles decided on March 20.

"Such conformity of Scriptural truth can be found in the Anglican Church's Thirty-Nine Articles of Religion," said Mr. Frank Hefford, seminar convenor.

"The seminar confirmed the worth of the Articles and their relevance today for Anglicans," Mr. Hefford said.

He said "Anglicans United", a lay organisation, would sponsor a series of uture seminars on various aspects of the Thirty-Nine Articles, and that the seminal papers would be published in a comprehensive form as a witness for Queensland churchmen

The first two papers were delivered by the Rev. Dr. Graham Goldsworthy and the Rev. Derek Bound, followed by panels and public discussion.

The meeting also reaffirmed Joyalty to the Thirty-Nine Articles of Religion, and called on Anglican clergymen to reaffirm annually loyalty to the Articles as was the "custom among clergy in years past".

An Anglican United spokesman, Mr. A. W. Elton, told the seminar that some clergy were attempting to set aside the fundamentals of the church to compromise with the world.

"The Articles are an excellent expression of fundamentals, and could be a means of exercising some discipline among clergy who were attempting to stray from basics." Mr. Elton said

Other speakers said the Anglican Church should spend as much time seeking unity with the major Protestant denominations as it was doing with the Roman Catholic denomination, and that a barrier to Anglican-Catholic unity was the Roman Catholic fear that the Anglicans were too lax in enforcing discipline even among those who "denied the divinity of Christ"

Baptist, Pesbyterian and Pentecostal points of view were placed before the seminar as a part of a process in evaluating the worth of the Articles.

There was a call for a stronger evangelical voice within the Anglican Church.

Church deputation on prostitution issue

Residents of Kings Cross and Darlinghurst in Sydney have been agitated more than at any previous time as a result of the increasing prostitution in the area.

The State Government and the Sydney City Council have been lobbied by everal action groups and quite recently the Attorney-General the Hon, Paul Landa, introduced a Bill into the House to make it illegal to solicit in or near to residences, schools, churches, etc.

Concerned citizens have sought to influence the Government to take more positive steps to stamp out such a nefarious activity which is being openly practised in the heart of Sydney.

Deputation

The Council of Churches in New South Wales sought an interview with the Attorney-General and a deputation met him on Wednesday last.

The group comprised the President of the Council, Rev. Bruce Ballantine-Jone the Secretary, Rev. Tom Cardwell; and Judd, Rev. Frank Avent and Mr. Peter

The deputation sought to make clear that they believed the present problem, as manifested in recent months, was a government-induced problem, as a result f the repealing of the Summary Offences

Since that time there has been a wholesale proliferation of soliciting for prostitution on the streets, particularly in the Darlinghurst area. The obvious higher visibility and scale proves this beyond a doubt, members stressed.

They urged that the Government should take a comprehensive approach to the whole problem.

The policy pursued in the past has only been to attack the prostitutes and the pimps and not the customers. A law should be enacted to make it an offence for a man to be found in a brothel for the

Further, the deputation argued that the Government should take steps to harass

Moore College Library

the criminals and those behind the rackets in order that it might become mically less attractive to them

Members categorically stated that they avoured penal sanctions and that the Government should take positive steps to protect the people's environment and the

Mr. Landa was told of strong evidence that drug bosses used prostitutes in the recruitment of runners and the distribution of drugs. It was argued that we face, not simply a vice problem, but a drug problem as well. There was a strong vice-drug connection.

Reference was made to a report by the State Ombudsman that he had addresses of 103 houses of ill-fame in the Sydney City Council area. Obviously there are more, not only within the inner-city but the suburbs as well.

Members of the deputation insisted that the Government's primary objective and policy goal should be to ensure that any citizen can walk down any public place without the fear of harassment.

It was also pointed out to the Attorney prostitution as a "commercial activity" which should be restricted to commercial areas and an attempt made to bring "respectibility" to some aspects of prostitution were not the right way to view the matter.

Council members categorically stated they were not in favour of a certain area being set aside as a "red-light district".

The Attorney-General replied that a lot of what was stated by members of the deputation was not in the nature of fact, but a thesis. He stated that the trade had spilled out from Kings Cross into the Darlinghurst area chiefly because of the down-turn in the economy and the high level of unemployment and not because of a repeal of the Summary Offences Act.

Council members replied that this action by the Government had made it legal for girls to work on the streets. The

Continued on page 4

ED TORIAL

Chinese visitors

Later this year, under the auspices of the Australian Council of Churches, there will be a delegation of Christians from China visiting our shores. They will be official representatives of the Three Self China Christian Council. This is a first, and we hope it will be repeated.

Through the fire of affliction, there has come a large and wonderfully virile church in China. The increase has been very bountiful and that without missionaries. Many of the older pastors, upon whom the church leans heavily, have voiced their appreciation personally of the solid foundation of teaching left by the missionaries.

In the Three Self Movement, the governing body permitted in the Chinese church, (which operates under the police department of the Communist Government) there are some fine evangelical pastors and people. Bishop Ding, the present appointed leader, states that there are about two million "non-Catholic" Chinese Christians in the six hundred or so open churches. Many of these churches are packed Sunday by Sunday. In one, Dr. James Taylor said he arrived early for the 6.30 a.m. service to find a queue outside the church. He found the church overflowing and those outside were waiting for the 8.30 a.m.

During the cultural revolution, most church buildings were closed and there was no alternative for Christians other than to meet in homes. Many of the house churches which thus developed, now meet openly and vary in numbers from 20 to 200. Some meet in the open air. While the exact number of such churches is not known, it is certain that there are vast numbers of Christians meeting in this way. In many of the communes the most faithful workers are Christians

The estimates of 30 or 40 million house church members may or may not be wild but what is evident is that the numbers are exciting, without western influence, and that the spiritual hunger is great. One evidence is the vast amount of mail received by Bible broadcasters.

There is another evidence too; a sad one. These house churches are being opposed and, in some cases, the leaders put into prison. The picture in a country as large as China is always varied. For refusing to affiliate with the Three Self China Christian Council, a fellowship of 200, for instance, in Canton has been forced to disband. A list of regulations in the Yunnan province, makes it plain that religious activities must be conducted in a church building only and that it is forbidden to make converts of young people who are under age (i.e.

While the opposition may stem from the police department responsible for all religious activities, yet we believe the leaders of the Three Self/CCC could do much more to admit that there are Christians meeting in house churches and that they deserve recognition. As part of the Body of Christ, the right hand of fellowship could be shown,

The delegation to Australia of Chinese Christian leaders should be shown courtesy. They should be told that we rejoice in the work of the Holy Spirit in China shown by the wonderful increase in Christians both in the open churches AND in the house churches. Our knowledge of the persecution should be made known also.

It is not our place to interfere in the situation in China but we must point out to the official church that persecution of other Christians is wrong. We must show our love of China by praying that the whole Body of Christ in China may be fed with an adequate supply of bibles, sound teaching and good leadership

In answer to Prudence Borthwick and Geoffrey Scott, I should like to point out that it is not possible to be a practising homosexu and remain faithful to the Baptismal vow of our Anglican Church.

In baptism, an Anglican makes this promise and vow: that he/she renounces the carnal desires (Catechism: sinful lusts) of the flesh. Then he/she goes on to promise obediently to keep God's Holy Will and commandments and walk in the same all the days of his/her life.

One of God's commandments in the Old estament is "Thou shalt not lie with mankind is with womankind (Lev. 18:22). I cannot see low this does not refer to homosexual practice. Homosexual practice is also referred to by Lot as wickedness (Gen. 19:7) and by St. Paul as "shameful things" and wrongdoing (Rom. 1:26). So we are quite safe in calling homosexual practice a sinful lust of the flesh

God does not change His views about what God does not change His views about what is sin. What He does not want is sin always. (And why should He want organs He has created for one purpose to be used for another purpose? — especially when He has created sexual organs and given commands about them as in Genesis 2:24, Matthew 19:5 and Mark 10:7)? Indeed, in Leviticus 18:22. God calls sexual intercourse between males an If intercourse between males an on and in Leviticus 22:5. God say transvestism is an abomination to

It is noteworthy that the men of Sodom resented Lot "judging" them, when he was only passing on God's view of their actions. God did, a little later, wipe them out because of their wickedness.

It is no use quoting the views of bishops and other prelates, 50,000 bishops and archbishop other prelates. 50,000 bishops and archbishops can be wrong — but God cannot. In the Anglican church, we recognise this in Article nineteen of the Thirty-nine Articles of Religion, entitled, "Of the Church". This article makes it quite clear that the church can err, "not only in living and manner of ceremonies, but also in matters of faith."

The Bible does speak of homosexuality, but always as sin. The Bible is not a dirty book, but more like a scrubbing brush. It has been given to us to point the way from sin and its consequence, Hell, to the Saviour, who came into the world to save sinners and prepare for them (us) a place in Heaven. There is no difference for all have sinned (Rom. 3:22).

Homosexuals may feel more guilty than others, and therefore want people to say they are not wrong at all. But in fact, they are not more guilty than anyone else, yet they are guilty in God's view. Guilt can and will be removed when sin is confessed to God (1 John 1:7). This is what God wants. Our Lord indicated in John 3:17 that God does not want. to judge, but to save.

Letters to the Editor

Thank you for the notice in A.C.R. last month inviting submissions on the " surplice" to the Use of the Surplice

I want also to thank readers for their man I want also to thank readers for their many letters and submissions. Some have asked about the questionnaire sent to the clergy of Syrnod. The questionnaire was basically a fact finding enquiry. We sought information on what was actually being worn in parish churches. This was the simplest and most economic way of finding out. Over 60% of parish clergy have replied. Thanks! Some lay members, readers and clergy not on Syrnod may well wish to express their views. There is no need to complete a questionnaire. Simply write me a short note or detailed submission as soon as you can. as soon as you can.

From the questionnaires, letters and ons we have learned:

submissions we have learned:

(1) That the vast majority of parishes are keeping the rule. Their clergy and readers are wearing the surplice though some are seeking to redesign the surplice.

(2) That significant groups want different things, some want to keep the surplice for all or most services; others want to redesign it as as more modern, more masculine, more assity were reament.

other significant group want to dispense with the use of the surplice at all services. A further strong group want the use of the surplice to become a matter of choice in the parish rather than one of

It is clear that opinions and feelings have ttee worked on this question some 15

A few have been critical that we should waste time on such an issue. The committee feels that we should be concerned for each other's tender consciences even over lesser other's tender consciences even over lesser issues. Another few have expressed bitterness at the threat to something they see as essentia to the Anglican Church. The committee is sensitive to the threat that change brings and concerned to minimise such hurt.

I personally cannot see "the use of the surplice" as an "essential characteristic of the Anglican Church" in the same way as "faithful service to Christ, the ministry of God's Word, humble prayerful dependance on God, and pastoral and evangelistic ministry to people."

A number of submissions have expressed he view that the surplice (a lay choir garment was used by clergy in reformation times as a replacement for the mass vestments (in order) to reduce the distinction between minister and congregation and that its use today doe the opposite to its original intention. That increases rather than reducing the distincti

Others have expressed the concern that, if the weight of opinion in the diocese is toward relaxing the rules, provision should be made to ensure that those conducting services are dressed in a fitting way.

We are thankfully receiving a fascinating

Secretary — "Use of Surplice Committee", P.O. Box 128, Forestville, 2087.

The editorials in the "Church Record" are usually clear, well-argued statements reflecting Biblical perspectives. For that reason, I was ised at the incom eader "The Government of God" on 12 March

You state (correctly) that "there is no 'Christian politics' as such", but then proceed to expound your own "Christian" economic and political views in the penultimate

would have never seen the light or day.

Certainly, a conservative government would have amended its economic policies to ensure that this projection never came close to

Why not describe the nature of the "gross duplicity" which was practised during the election campaign rather than leave it to speculation? I can presume that you are referring to the well-publicised fact that the former Treasurer, Mr. Howard, did not inform referring to the well-publicised fact that the former Treasurer, Mr. Howard, did not inform the electorate of the Treasury's 1983/84 Budget deficit projection of \$9-6 b., which was provided to him prior to the election. Several facts need to be stated. Most importantly, the projected deficit was an internal Treasury estimate which was provided to the Treasurer (its departmental head) in the normal course of its operations. Such working papers are prepared frequently, based upon a variety of assumptions, and it is usual for such projections to continually change as the outlook for the Australian economy changes. These internal papers have never been outlook for the Australian economy changes. These internal papers have never been released for public consumption in the past and it is ridiculous to imagine that the Treasurer should have broken such a convention simply because this was delivered to him during an election campaign. If the Liberals had been re-elected, the document would have never seen the light of day. Certainly, a conservative government would certainly, a conservative government would certainly.

this specific respect, your criticism (and In this specific respect, your criticism (and that of the media generally) is unfounded and simply reflects a lack of knowledge of the operations of the Treasury. (The writer was at one stage personal assistant to the Governor of the Reserve Bank of Australia.) However, more valid criticism might be expressed of politicians in general (of both parties) during election campaigns when truth is a precious commodity indeed.

You then suggest that the "Christian ethic of work" is work for service, not profit. These days "profit" seems to be a dirty word, yet a lack of corporate profitability is a major reason for the lack of growth in the creation of new jobs; the primary factor contributing to longterm unemployment among young people. We are getting to the stage where anyone we doubts the wisdom and beneficence of the doubts the wisdom and beneficence of the Welfare State (or socialism), or advocates an essentially free-market economy, is dubbed a greedy (unchristian?) capitalist. To put it another way, these profit-haters want our economic system to put "people before profits". Your attack on the profit motive may be well-meaning but I suspect that it is be well-meaning, but I suspect that it is primarily a knee-jerk reaction to a comm response based upon sound economic

The whole area of economics and finance requires much more debate and understanding among Christians. It is a debate I would encourage you to foster. But it needs to be conducted on the basis of sound easoning. At present we seem to be in the ituation described by Rev. Dr. John William situation described by Rev. Dr. John Williams. "Members of a chess club would, understandably, let their membership lapse if, instead of focusing upon chess, the club initiated a series of lectures on somewhat suspect economic theory. It is not perhaps surprising that many mainstream churches, substituting half-based sociological speculations, tubious economic theories, and speculations, tubious economic theories, and speculations, dubious economic theories, and lebatable political strategies, for the celebration, exposition, and interpretation religious vision of the 'good life', are witnessing a slow but steady pilgrimage of members to other sources of inspiration, challenge, and hope."*
Yours faithfully,

What has happened to the Church of England? It has undergone many changes, but are they for the better? I doubt if many of

Its title was changed to the Anglican Church But Anglican means English, so what has b achieved? I cannot follow the thinking her

The one in charge of a well-known church apparently dislikes the title 'Rector', choosing rather to use the title 'Min decribing himself as 'Rev.', he uses ar abbreviation of his real christian nam

The same man never wears a black or whit cassock. He wears a surplice ov street suit. It looks out of place.

Now I learned that there is a move to abolish the surplice. What is the intention here? Is it to be ordinary street clothes with neither cassock nor surplice?

It seems that tradition counts for ow. This even has extended to the Praye Book and the Bible.

If the reformers (sic) wanted to change the P.B. why did they not simply apply modern terms for thee, thou, thine etc. — you, etc. — change some archaic terms but leave the book the same as it was otherwise

There are so many versions of the Bible now that one is lost. The 'authorised' version used to rest on a lectern in every church. Now there does not seem to be any such.

Note that I used the word 'versions'. I did so

In his book "The Gospel of Peace of Jesus of an ancient Aramaic text giving the precise vords of Jesus on the subject of healing words or Jesus on the subject of the words of Jesus) "have been misunderstood, wrongly supported, hundreds of times rewritten and hundreds of times transformed nevertheless survived almost to

Further on he says, "It is a heavy responsibility to proclaim the present New Testament, which is the basis of all the Christian Churches, as deformed and falsified, but there is no higher religion than truth."

If anyone, with a little knowledge of Latin. doubts if the books I referred to earlier are nothing but versions, let him compare famil parts with the Vulgate or, students of Greek, and Greek version of the N.J.

Christianity in China — James Hudson Taylor III reports

People who know their missionary history will recognise in Hudson Taylor a name very significant to the development of Christianity in China. The original lames Hudson Taylor founded the China Inland Mission in 1865 and led it until his death 40 years later. In that time many thousands of Chinese became believer hundreds of churches were established, and many educational and medical institutions were developed.

After its expulsion from China in the wake of the Communist takeover of 1950. Overseas Missionary Fellowship, It continued its work in East and South-east Asia amongst all races, including the Chinese, but never lost its deep prayer concern for the people of the mainland. It has maintained too the foundation principles of prayer and reliance on God through faith that Hudson Taylor

Dr. James Hudson Taylor, his great-grandson, now heads the mission as General Director, having succeeded Michael Griffiths in 1980. Based in Singapore, he visited Australia during March and April with his wife Leone

Eric Liddell remembered

James Taylor was born in China and spent his first fifteen years there. As a teenager attending the Chefoo School for children of missionaries, he was interned by the Japanese, along with some 1500 missionaries and other expatriates. In that drear, camp, he remembers Eric Liddell of "Chariots of Fire" fame, one of the Chefoo teachers, organising sports and games for the young people.

"It was significant," he said, "in view of Liddel's now-famous refusal to run his Olympic Games heat on a Sunday, that he saw no contradiction between that and helping to maintain the health and sanity of 2-300 children, many separated from their parents, by organising Sunday games for them. He was flexible enough to see the true sabbath principle.

In those days, rebelling at being measured against his famous and godly forbears, young Jim Taylor resolved he'd onary to the Chinese, Bu studies in the U.S. and to missionary service in Taiwan. He worked there for 25 years, especially in theological education, before accepting the leadership of the

Explosive church growth

The most significant and exciting news Dr. Taylor now brings to us about the church in China is that it is growing to an astonishing degree. In 1950 the strength of the Protestant church was estimated at a modest (by Chinese standards) one million, with 2-3 million Roman Catholics Now there is acknowledged, monitore growth in the state-controlled, official Three-Self Patriotic Movement, a united protestant church, but the fast-growing edge of the church is the evangelical, non-denominational house-church movement. Dr. Taylor estimates the umber of believers at anything from 20

The recent response of the Government has been to permit the opening of many more official Three-Self churches — from 60 throughout China in 1980 to 6-700 today — but though these are well-attended, for vario vast majority of Christians prefer the

The Three-Self patriotic movement

The Government has its own purposes in permitting various people's organisations including churches to exist now, whereas during the bitter period of the Cultural Revolution all were banned. They are to further its political, economic and social aims. The Three-Self leadership is closely linked with the Government, as it has been from the time of its formation in the fifties. In the Chinese bureaucracy, religious affairs come under the supervision of the Ministry of Public Security, that is the police, or in Russian terms, the K.G.B.

In his address to clergy and other Christian leaders in Sydney on April 7, Dr. Taylor outlined the history of the Church

in the People's Republic. In accordance with sound missiological principles, the unified protestant church was to be self-governing, self-propagating and selfsupporting. Therefore all mi were expelled and all links with sending countries, especially the villainous U.S., cut off. The Korean war had heightened the hatred. Mr. W. T. Wu, a liberal protestant educated in America who had become a devout Communist, became its first leader, appointed by the Party

Beginnings of house churches

Dr. Taylor defined three main periods affecting the church during the past 30 or so years. From 1950-64, through the Catholic and the Protestant Patrio Movement churches, control was established amid much persecution of those who failed to toe the party line. It was a "time of sad bloodletting within the Body of Christ", when mutual accusation meetings purged "impurities" before branches of the United church were formed, and Christians were pressured to accuse their brethren both Chinese and missionary. Many lay people dissociated themselves from the official churches from then on, reasoning that though they loved the Lord and His Word, they buildings, but could continue to meet in small numbers in homes. So the house churches began. In any case the numbers of churches were drastically reduced at this time (e.g. from 200 to 15 Protestant churches in Shanghai, and from 56 to 4 in Peking). Moreover many evangelicals rejected both the political ide of the leadership of the Three-Self Church and their tendency to theological

Wang Ming-Tao

An outstanding example of an influential evangelical who utterly refused to go along with all this was Pastor Wang Ming-Tao of Peking. He became the chief thorn in the side of the Three-Self Movement in the fifties. He would say "There are no nail holes in the walls of my church" — meaning that he had never yielded to political pressure by putting up portraits of Sun Yat-sen Chiang Kia-shek or Mao Tse-tung. He was sentenced to fifteen years jail in 1955, after the Three-Self Movement had organised accusation meetings throughout China. Little more than a year

later he was released from prison, where under intolerable pressure he had been induced to sign a confession. He subsequently renounced this and was imprisoned in the end for 23 years. "I met Mr. Wang in 1980," Dr. Taylor said. "He was then aged 80. For those 23 years he had been without a Bible or

hymn book, but because he had memorised many passages of Scripture they became his strength and comfort. He had learnt, he said, the crucial mportance of absolute integrity. And I hought, looking at him, that here was a man who was utterly transparent with that integrity.

The Cultural Revolution

From about 1964, the United Front existence of the churches was given up by Mao, and the disastrous drive for pure doctrinaire Marxism known as the Cultural Revolution began. During those 14 years, the Three-Self Movement was nowhere to be seen. Many of its pastors suffered persecution, but its top leadership slipped quietly out of view.

Between 1964 and 1976, the home churches were the only available places of worship, and many Christians who were detected were martyred or imprisoned. Only the barest n numbers dared assemble for prayer and quiet worship. All trace of nominalism disappeared.

The church post-Mao

The third period has been from 1976 to the present. With the restoration of some edoms following the death of Chairman Mao, the Three-Self Church has reappeared, under the leadership of Bishop K. H. Ting. Disturbed by the phenomenal growth of the unofficial churches during the time that all Christianity was forced underground, the



Neville Cooper, the Australian Home Director of the O.M.F.

Dr. James Hudson Taylor III, is the great grandson of Hudson Taylor, the Founder of the mer China Inland Mission, now known as the Overseas Miss Photo Ramon Wiliams

Government is making every effort to discourage them by insisting that believers join the newly-opened official

Bibles are being printed officially, the 1919 translation using the old characters which most younger Chinese can no longer read. Those who receive one n sign up their name and address. Not surprisingly, many prefer to obtain simplified-script Bibles printed overseas

View of Bible smuggling

Questioned about Bible smuggling, Dr. Taylor acknowledged the sincere motives of those who engaged in it, and the enormous demand for scriptures and Christian literature which the official church does not begin to meet, but said he still had doubts about its ethics. He pointed out that after one smuggling episode, some Christians who had obtained Bibles quite legally as gifts from visitors to China had them confiscated. Literature printed in Taiwan is the most suspect.

"In some provinces," he said, "there is a ban on teaching young people under 18 in the churches. The Three-Self Movement seeks to discredit the house churches by quoting examples of the activities of the inevitable lunatic fringe, which would not be representative of the novement as a whole. I find it disturbin hat Bishop Ting will only acknowledge that there are some two million in the official churches, while our est

Later this year, there is to be a visit by

Three-Self visit to

leaders of the Three-Self Movement to Australia, under the auspices of the Australian Council of Churches. Dr. Taylor was asked how we should respond to these men. In reply he said that we must recognise that there is a jockeying for power going on in China today, and that these leaders will be very anxious to win the approval of Australian evangelicals, and to be seen as fully sentative of the main body of the church in China. We must express our appreciation of and solidarity with those outside the official churches, without denigrating the official church. We could appeal to the Government of China to nour its commitment, since the end of the Cultural Revolution, to allow minorities freedom of expression, and so to permit the continued existence of the house churches, recognising that the official church buildings cannot begin to accommodate all who wish to worship and seek Christianity fellowship

In an editorial for the O.M.F. magazine Millions' of July 1982, Dr. Taylor wrote: "Our response to the church in China should be one of deep and genu history and His unchanging faithfulness

hand-wringing in the early fifties that characterised so much of the evaluation (some called it the 'post mortem') of missions in China. . . . Is it not humbling to see what God has been doing in China these 30 years without a single missionary?

"Finally our response must move from consideration and confidence to continuing concern. Surely that is best expressed through prayer. How wrong we have been! The struggle we are engaged in is not with earthly powers, but with the spiritual forces of darkness and wickedness in heavenly places. Men are still moved through God by prayer alone, and China is no exception."

In England Festival of Light changes name to improve 'image'

The Nationwide Festival of Light has undergone a two-pronged name and structural change which will now give it a "legitimised" lobbying arm and, it hopes, a more appealing "media image"

From the change has emerged the Care Trust (Christian Action Research and Education), a charitable organisation and effectively the old NFoL which will have as its chairman the Rev. Lyndon B ormer NFoL chairman.

The other group, which will work hand in hand with Care Trust and under the chairmanship of Mr. Charles Colchester, is the non-charitable Parliamentary lobbying organisation, Care Campaigns,

Mr. Raymond Johnston, the former Director of NFoL, becomes Research and Education Director of Care Trust and Parliamentary Research Director of Care Campaigns. He will, says a press release, "play an integral part in the new team".

'Heart-searching'

The change of name, said a spokesman, had been under consideration for the past two years and had caused "a great deal of heartsearching and rethinking".

"The old name made some people think of us as a British sect or an Eastern relaunch ourselves in a very real sense to win more young people and to breathe new life into an image which hasn't gone down too well with the media."

Ongoing program of Lausanne Committee revealed

The two main Lausanne Committee Consultations, in Lausanne, Switzerland, (1974) and Pattaya, Thailand, (1980) were only the beginning, according to the plans revealed in Sydney, Tuesday, April 12th, by Bishop Jack Dain and Bishop John Reid.

Bishop Reid, Chairman of the Theology Working Group, formed at Lausanne, told of the aim of this group, to "Work our crucial points of view, theologically".

Plans are already underway for two Consultations, being organized by the Theological Working Group. "The Work of the Holy Spirit and Evangelism" will be the theme for meetings in Norway in 1985. The second, in 1987, will deal with "Conversion".

There was felt to be a need for a fresh, Biblical Study of the work of the Holy Spirit, which will include the Nature of Sin, including conversion. The relationship of culture to evangelism and the tension between "spontaneity" and "planning" of evangelistic thrusts will also be studied, according to Bishop Reid.

In the Consultation on Conversion, such matters as the relationship to regeneration; culture; political conversions; those with (and without) nominal Christian backgrounds; behavioural sciences, will all be reviewed by theological leaders.

Bishop Jack Dain, General Co-

"deep spiritual unity and shared vision" by those who met initially at Lausanne and since then, in Wheaton and Southern California.

1989 could be the year for a Second Lausanne, but only if there is a deep conviction that it should take place. Wide consultations will take place, to ascertain the world needs and wisdom of such a gathering, explained Bishop Dain.

"We need to keep church leaders in touch with each other," said Bishop Dain. "We are interested only in World Evangelization, not World Power Politics.

"I believe God has called us to a program to continue what was begun at Lausanne. Every year has seen regional meetings and conferences."

There are four main committees, each one being important. They are the Theological Working Group; the Strategy Working Group the Intercessory Working Group and the Communications Group.

Some have produced thought provoking booklets and literature, while others have ongoing programs especially amongst refugees and unreached people.

Referring to the Day of Prayer for World Evangelization, to be held on Pentecost Sunday, May 22nd, Bishop Dain emphasised that "The most essential ingredient is PRAYER".

Ramon Williams



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Help needed

In a recent Press Release the Anglican Marriage & Family Counselling Centre called for help. They wrote: When

clergy

should

resign

The Australian Church Record does not

dition of the CHURCH OF ENGLAND

NEWSPAPER says some things that we believe the Australian Church ought to

heed. Accordingly we reprint it in full

Robinson's Honest to God. It was an important book, clear, thoughtful and honest. It was, and still is, a perfect

example for learned theologians of how to write for a less theologically learned

But it was also a totally irresponsible

book, Bishops, ordained theologians

(Robinson was and still is both) and indeed all clergy are susceptible to doubts about the orthodox Christian

faith. But to flaunt those doubts as new ideas, or to present a watered down 'Christianity' for those who cannot

a betrayal of Christ

The Church's failure

believe the real thing, is nothing less than

The church leader or teacher who finds

that he no longer believes should certainly not continue to lead or teach. He should be helped, lovingly but firmly.

to pray and think his way back to faith, to

submit before God's written word. If he cannot do this there is no proper course

Robinson's book, however, was the Church's failure to do anything about it. True, the rot had set in years before:

ordained men in University Departments of Theology had been teaching heresy

appallingly difficult though that will be to do. But when one of them, temporarily inflicted on the Church as a bishop,

decides to popularise their special brand

of heresy he should forfeit his authority

to minister publicly in Christ's name. Robinson was mildly rebuked by a few

fellow bishops, but no action was taken

Since then the floodgates have opened.

Bishops and theologians seem to be

ompletely free to question, doubt or ven deny whatever they like. Church

people almost expect it. Publishers encourage it. Orthodox clergy and their

congregations (especially at confirmations) dread it. Nobody does

One crying need in the Church is for

bishops to discipline heretical and immoral clergy. Perhaps a greater need is for the Church to insist on orthodox

Christian faith on the part of its bishops

Jesus did not commend Thomas for his refusal to believe. He commanded him,

"Stop doubting and believe."

Seminar on

Fertilization

A seminar on In Vitro Fertilization is to be

held in St. Andrew's House Auditorium, Sydney Square on Wegnesday, May 25th

Speakers will be the Rev. John Fleming.

Security Task Force, and Mr. Rick Brown a

author of "Life in a Test Tube"; the Ret Alan Nichols, chairman of the recent

Dr. Robert Claxton, a Sydney surger

will chair the evening, and there will be

The seminar is being sponsored by the

opportunity for questions.

Social Issues Comn

In Vitro

at 7.45 p.m.

Need for discipline

anything to stop it.

for him except to resign his orders.

More irresponsible than Bishop

and denying truth for decades; this problem still needs to be dealt with,

the publication of Bishop John

onth saw the 20th anniversary of

usually reprint editorials from other papers. However, an editorial in a re

Is divorce inevitable?

A couple separate and divorce. Is that what they really want? Or is it a choice forced upon them because they cannot see another solution?

Few people who divorce really want it that way. Yet there is something in their relationship, in the way they see each other and relate to each other that makes it too painful for them to stay together.

Nobody likes pain. Sometimes the pain in a marriage relationship seems unbearable and the partners have to escape. They separate and will not willingly return to the relationship unless each is convinced a radical and lasting change has taken place.

Often each partner believes that it is the other who should change, should stop being critical, judgmental and withdrawn. But frequently the cause is much deeper. Many people enter marriage with emotional needs left over from childhood.

If this is so, people unknowingly expect and demand too much from their partners who in turn feel guilty, resentful or inadequate because they cannot meet those demands. Then the battle is on. Each tries to manipulate and control the other, each over-reacts and becomes resentful. Neither can see a solution so they separate — hurt and disillusioned.

Divorce is not inevitable

(Marriage) Counsellors are skilled in helping people sort through any longestablished and destructive behaviour. They help people find and resolve the deep unmet needs they have grown up with. Our Christian counsellors depend on God and the Holy Spirit. They believe that truth, although sometimes painful, is always liberating.

Sometimes it takes months to untie these knots and tangles. It cannot be done in a hurry. But when a Christian couple is prepared to spend time working through these difficulties it may only take a couple of sessions with a skilled counsellor to see new hope.

Last year our ten counsellors spent four thousand hours counselling people with marriage problems. Every year the needs and demands increase. To meet these demands we are training more than 30 counsellors — all committed Christian people.

There is a problem

We do not charge fees. We ask people to make donations according to their means. This makes our service available

When we add our income from all sources, including a 265% increase in donations over the last three years, there is still not enough to cover expenses. Last year our deficit was \$10,000; this year it will be \$15,000.

Help

The Centre calls on Christian people to support this ministry to Christian families

"by this shall all men know you are my disciples, if you have love for one another'.

Donations may be sent to— Anglican Marriage and Family Counselling Centre, 7th Floor, Fletcher Building, 491 Kent Street, Sydney NSW 2000.

Donations over \$2.00 are tax deductible.

Prostitution Issue (continued)

scale of activity had increased, they said, and had consequently despoiled the character of the city.

The Attorney-General said that in his speech in the House he proposed to set up a Select Committee with wide terms of reference to look into all aspects of prostitution. He hoped that some beneficial results would emerge and, in particular, opportunity taken to deal with some of the social aspects of the problem in an effort to save some of the girls who are being led into the profession.

In reply to a question, he encouraged the Council of Churches to make a submission to the Select Committee

from AUSTRALIAN RAPTIST

Twofold purpose of Chinese visitor



Dr. Paul C. C. Szeto, General Director of the "Evangelize China" Fellowship Inc. (left) with the Australian Representative, Ivor Jones. — Photo Ramon Williams.

The General Director of the "EVANGELIZE CHINA" FELLOWSHIP, INC., Dr. Paul C. C. Szeto is currently visiting Australia and New Zealand, to say "Thank you" to the many supporters and to present "The new challenge". That "challenge" is the need to train young people as evangelists and leaders.

The Australian representative, Ivor Jones, is making sure Dr. Szeto has as many opportunities as possible, to tell others of the work, while there is time.

"In 1997 China will take back Hong Kong, according to present indications," said Dr. Szeto. "Already there is a fear of what could happen and we see the need to start planning now!"

In Macau, the Evangelize China Fellowship Inc. has an orphanage, accommodating 64 children. Plans are being made to add a Youth Centre, capable of being used as a training centre for the leaders of tomorrow.

Already radio programs are being produced in Hong Kong, for use by TRANS WORLD RADIO, in its daily broadcasts into China. The programs are aimed at the young children, for,

according to Dr. Szeto, "We are investing in the younger generation".

The Evangelize China Fellowship Inc. was founded by Dr. Andrew Gih in 1947. Its work was commenced in Shanghai, but now has spread to Taiwan, Hong Kong, Macau, Singapore, Malaysia, Indonesia and Thailand. Its Malang Bible School, in Java, is well-known for its high degree of quality education and training program.

In Hong Kong it has also established a Christian Primary School, as well as a High School. Publishing Christian literature; providing scholarships; organizing Gospel teams; are all part of its far reaching program.

Its motto, "Evangelizing Chinese Through Chinese" covers Chinese living inside and outside China. There are claimed to be 48,000,000 Chinese living outside the Mainland, with a further one billion Chinese in China itself.

Already meetings in Sydney have been packed out, to hear this leader with firsthand knowledge of the work in China. Ramon William leading a crusade against the sexual oppression of men. The wheel, it seems, has come full circle. De Garis aims to become the Germaine Greer of the masculist movement — feminism has given rise inevitably to masculism.

The odd thing is that the very things

A gentleman by the name of Hugh de

Garis (according to a Guardian article by

Brigid Grauman reprinted in the S.M. Herald Life and Home section, 14/4/83) is

Confusion of

the sexes

feminists are angry about as indicating women's downtrodden and oppressed status, the masculist de Garis considers to be privileges they have over men! For instance, feminists have for years been fighting for the right to pursue careers as stressful as men's, shedding on the way their responsibility for care of children, home, menfolk and the aged. But the masculists are angry that women, presumably because of their unfair advantage of living less stressfully in the quiet backwaters of the home, live on average eight years longer than men (in Western society, that is), while career women die, on average, three years younger than housewives.

De Garis resents the idea that "girls are taught to be warm and nurturing, while boys are denied this and taught to value professional success above all else". He wants men to be able to have more time with their children. Yet it seems that those same warm and nurturing roles he envies are rejected by many who advocate women's "liberation".

Women — disadvantaged or favoured?

Masculists will apparently join forces with feminists on some fronts, demanding that women go into careers, and fighting for the introduction of more flexible working hours. That bit makes sense, but most of his other demands for women will raise many hackles. De Garis wants to end the law's favouritism for women; his list of anti-male, discriminatory laws includes military conscription ("women don't do their fair share of the fighting and the dying"), the tendency to favour the mother in custody rights in divorce, retirement age ("it's ridiculous that women, who live longer, are allowed to retire earlier") and

A say for men on abortion?

Then comes an idea that feminists will hate, and a recent case in Queensland spotlighted — that a man should have the right to intervene and demand that his

limony - "most women don't make the

effort to acquire adequate economic skills". Widow's pensions, different ages of sexual consent, "all that must go".

eslev Hicks

WHAT A WORLD

wife or girl friend should not have an abortion. There follows a horrific unisex scenario (that word again!) "Bisexuality should become the sexual norm; heterosexuals, or 'monos' as de Garis calls them, will become 'deviants, in a sense'."

De Garis, a divorced Australian living in Belgium, was campaigning in Australia last year. No doubt there are enough people suffering from sex role confusion here to give him a hearing.

U.S. equal rights amendment

There are some crazy contradictions in the field of male-female role legislation world-wide. Sanity prevailed in the U.S. last year when the Equal Rights Amendment to the U.S. constitution was defeated whereby supposedly discriminatory legislation against women would be removed, but actually the law's safeguarding of women's special childbearing and nurturing roles would be cut away, along the lines that de Garis wants.

Feminists tried to assert that the E.R.A. was defeated mainly by male chauvinism, but the most powerful thrust against it came from concerned American women, rallied especially by lawyer Phyllis Schlafly. Mrs. Schlafly has been visiting Australia in April and early May, speaking at conferences in Melbourne and Sydney.

Russia backtracks

In Soviet Russia, authorities are backtracking on past legislation which in the past forced women into male jobs, including heavy labouring. Legislation came into effect in January, 1981 prohibiting Soviet women from undertaking 460 different jobs now considered too heavy or dangerous. The reason is that their harsh double workload was causing women to die younger than men, with infant mortality rising and the birthrate falling drastically.

U.N. Convention

Yet here in Australia the Federal Government is preparing to ratify a U.N. Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women, previously signed by Mr. Ellicott on behalf of the Liberal Government, but not yet binding. Some clauses are excellent (e.g. one condemning prostitution) but it would require the States to change their laws to permit the social engineering of a unisex society, like the E.R.A.

Christians who see the dangers if this Convention were to become binding need to communicate their concern urgently to their Federal members.

Life and Peace

John Martin, Anglican Consultative Council Secretary for Communication, previews an important ecumenical conference.

* * *

A dozen Anglicans from 10 different countries will take part in an international conference on Life and Peace hosted by Jhe (Lutheran) Church of Sweden in April.

They will be joining 150 others representing 24 different denominations and 63 countries — 39 Third World countries and four from the Eastern Block. The Church of Sweden estimates that 600 media representatives will cove

Planning for the conference has taken place over two years. Archbishop Olaf Sundby heads a committee of nine Nordic church leaders representing Lutheran, Orthodox, Roman Catholic and Free Churches.

Archbishop Sundby insists that it is not merely a mass gathering of Christians from different nations; the conference is for church leaders. A Church of Sweden news bulletin expresses (the rather optimistic) hope that the meeting will be "one of the most representative Christian ecumenical meetings in about 1,500 years".

They stress that it is different from the recent conference on peace held in the USSR since it will be exclusively for Christians.

Among Anglicans attending will be the Primate of Canada, Archbishop E. W. Scott; the Presiding Bishop of the USA, Bishop John M. Allin, and the Archbishop of Central Africa, Archbishop W. Khotso

Christian World Conference — April 20-24, 1983 — Uppsala, Sweden

Makhulu. Third World Anglicans will be well represented. So will the evangelical constituency. The Revd. John Stott, Rector Emeritus of All Souls, Langham Place in London will speak in one of the plenary sessions.

A seven point manifesto summarises the motivation and the reasons for the conference:

"1. An intrinsic element of the Christian gospel is the message of peace and reconciliation. Therefore, individual Christians, churches and ecumenical organizations are involved in working for peace. The Conference wants to gather all this involvement into a united Christian manifestation.

"2. The Christian faith is spread throughout the world. The fact that the Church is a universal church gives us unique opportunities for establishing dialogue and mutual understanding between East and West, North and South. Taking this as its platform, the Conference wants to explore avenues for initiating dialogue and furthering mutual understanding on the vital issues of life and peace.

- "3. The peace issue is interwoven with questions of global justice, human rights, the militarization of states by growing arms arsenals. However, the Conference wishes to focus on the most imminent threat to survival mass destruction by nuclear weapons.
- "4. Nuclear weapons are indiscriminate weapons — they strike against both military forces and civilian populations — and it is highly improbable that their use in war can

be limited. The conference will be seeking an answer to the question of whether not only the use of such weapons, but also their production and the threat of using them, is contrary to the will of God.

"5. Individual Christians, churches and ecumenical bodies have presented proposals relating to concrete action which can be taken to check the arms race. The Conference will make these the subject of deliberations and seek agreement upon the direct demands which can be directed to the leaders of the major powers.

"6. The Christian gospel is a gospel of peace — but the churches themselves have not always worked as peacemakers. Another aim of the Conference will be to assemble representatives of Christian churches for self-examination, penance and working out a Christian programme of action for peace and disarmament.

"7. Fellowship between God and Man iies at the very heart of life in Christ. The Conference wants to gather representatives of the Christian Church all round the world so that we can in prayer and worship find hope, comfort and inspiration."

For Anglicans the peace debate takes different forms according to the local context. The recent Church of England debate based on "The Church and the Bomb" report was formed largely in terms of East-West relations in Europe and the North Atlantic and associated questions like nuclear deterrance and first strike. For others the debate is cast in different terms. In the Pacific for instance it includes the spectre of French nuclear testing in the atmosphere. The Third World focus is more likely to be on the cost of armaments in the face of poverty and hunger as well as the militarization of governments.

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"Unexpected Sentence for Zoya Krakhmalnikova"

eston College reports that Russian Orthodox Christian Zoya Krakhmalnikova has received an unexpectedly light sentence. Krakhmalnikova, 53, went on trial in Moscow on 31 March charged with "Anti-Soviet Agitation and Propaganda" under article 70 of the criminal code of the RSFSR. This charge carried a maximum penalty of 7 years Deprivation of liberty plus 5 years internal exile.

the beginning of August 1982. The KGB then conducted numerous searches and interrogations in connection with her

From 1976 Krakhmalnikova was the editor-compiler of a purely religious miscellany called "Nadezhda" (Hope), which circulated in Samizdat form, copies of which subsequently reached the west and were published. At no stage did Krakmalnikova conceal her work on the production of "Nadezhda", and each issue came out under her name and with a statement that the publication pursued only religious interest, unconnected with political or economic issues.

Information reaching Keston College from reliable sources in the USSR indicated that a formidable case was being fabricated against Krakhmalnikova, based mainly on the reprinting of 'Nadezhda", in the west.

The indictment read out by the procurator at the trial was couched in extremely harsh terms, therefore the term he demanded at the end (1 year deprivation of liberty plus 5 years of internal exile) came as a total surprise.

The trial lasted two days, during which ome 8-9 witnesses were called. Among them was Orthodox Priest Fr. Dmitri Dudko, whose televised recantation of his religious activities several years ago made headlines in the west. Dudko gave Zoya Krakhmalnikova a very positive characterization, as did all the other witnesses who appeared. Some of these witnesses were, in fact, quite unknown to Krakhmalnikova's family and friends. the only "negative" testimony was in the form of a statement by an unknown woman. This statement was read out on the first day of the trial, but challenged by Krakhmalnikova, who demanded that the author be called to make a personal appearance in court. The matter then lapsed and was overborne by the positive testimonies of the other witnesses.

According to information received by Keston College, presiding Judge Romanov conducted the hearing in an orderly and rather low-key fashion. Witnesses were not pressured in any way and when Krakhmalnikova's husband refused to testify, he was allowed to stand down.

In her final word Zoya Krakhmalnikova rejected the charges levelled against her. She pointed out that once "Nadezhda" left her hands it became public property and denied sending it to the west for publication. "Nadezdha" she said, came into being as a direct result of unfulfilled spiritual need in the Soviet Union. It was, n fact, the continuation of work which had been interrupted 60 years ago. (This is obviously a reference to a prerevolutionary spiritual journal of the same name — Keston College). If she had not taken up this labour, said Keshbanjalana Krakhmalnikova, someone else would have done so in time.

She expressed her gratitude to all those who had prayed for her and said that she had been very conscious of this spiritual support since her arrest. She asked for continued prayer and the blessing of the Church. "Praise God for everything", were her closing words.

Accounts from Moscow indicate that the authorities had been expecting of militiamen deployed around the courthouse and surrounding streets were closed to traffic. The 20 or so friends of the family who gathered outside the courthouse were all photographed by a

TW UNDERSTAND EACH WITHER



lealousy

Alan E. Craddock

When a family member believes they are not as well off materially or psychologically compared to other family members a common reaction is jealousy. It doesn't matter whether this is a valid belief or not. The fact is, the belief exists, and the reaction of jealousy needs to be handled in some way so as to ease the pain associated with it.

A recent paper by Bram Bruunk of the University of Nijmegen, The Netherlands has explored the kinds of strategies narried couples employ in the face of jealousy in order to cope with the problems produced by jealousy. (Family Relations, 1982, 31, 13-18). The incident arousing jealousy was a real and significant event, namely extramarital involvement of one of the partners. Fifty couples participated in the study and provided data concerning their strategies for coping with jealousy in the face of their partner's extramarital activity and the success or otherwise of thes strategies in promoting marital satisfaction and stability. Three comstyles of coping with jealousy emerged.

(1) Avoidance

This strategy involves retreating from the problem. It can be carried out either by denying the reality or the seriousness of the problem or by avoiding communication with the offending partner. This strategy is not very constructive. Denial of the problem leaves the source of pain untouched. In the short-term the pain is reduced as long as denial can be sustained. However, he source continues and ultimately it will be impossible to continue to deny the problem. The cost for the person using

this strategy can be enormous in the long-term. Furthermore the circumstances leading to the extramarital involvement have not been explored and hence attention to the source of the pain

In fact, if avoidance is used as a strategy, it will almost certainly cause a further deterioration in the relationship. Avoidance, Bruunk shows, is linked with strong, but only implicitly stated, feelings of reproach, desire for revenge and anger. These are coupled with self-doubt and even a sharing of blame. Most of these feelings are understandable and need to be constructively expressed. However, avoidance of the partner, in a long and intense emotional "cold war", achieves little in the way of constructive management of the conflict.

(2) Reappraisal

This is also a strategy used only by the jealous partner. It is a strategy which attempts to cope with jealousy by using thought processes. One sits down and thinks the whole situation through, or at east attempts to do so. The aim is to see the situation in a new light and hence to reduce one's jealousy. This is, of course, a rather one-sided strategy. Nor does it go to the source of the complaint. It leaves all the responsibility on the jealous

The strategy seems to presuppose that the jealousy is unreasonable. If this is so, the strategy can be helpful. But, if the situation is not clear or if jealousy is a reasonable reaction, then the strategy fails due largely to its one-sided

One helpful aspect of this strategy is the attempt to get one's jealousy under control. It needs to be brought into perspective for jealousy can lead to unhelpful reactions which simply alienate the couple from one another and so increase the emotional distance between them. To be jealous is not necessarily to over-react. The feeling of resentment and anger in the face of unfair treatment can be channelled into constructive efforts to obtain change and a more just situation. These efforts involve the third strategy.

(3) Communication

This strategy for coping with jealousy involved making an effort to have oper and frank discussions with the spouse about the entire situation. Sometimes, according to Bruunk's study, this extends to involve the third party. The emphasis is not upon hitting back, obtaining revenge or having an overwhelming victory over one's offending partner, but is upon opening up a discussion of how the uation has come about and what needs to happen to rectify it. The emphasis is upon healing and the future rather than upon hurting and the past.

Bruunk reports data which demonstrate that the strategy of communication goes hand in hand with increased levels of marital satisfaction, whereas the other two strategies are related to dissatisfaction, ne to a lesser extent low personal self-esteem. These are clear indications of communication being a more helpful strategy in the face of a jealousy-arousing

Christians are not free of the kinds of

reactions I have been describing. The communication strategy is obviously th kind of reaction one would expect if a Christian couple see their "one-flesh" relationship being placed in jeopardy for whatever reason. Relationship problems cannot be satisfactorily resolved by individual-centred efforts. Both partn need to get together, to look not only to their own reactions as individuals, but to what is happening to them in relationship to one another. In extreme cases this process might be better managed in the context of professional marriage

There is another dimension for Christian couples. They are united by the Holy Spirit and hence their efforts to communicate, to deal with jealousy or any other emotion, should involve an open and frank communication of what is happening in prayer, either as individuals or as a couple.

Often we fail to do this because we see jealousy as sinful. Be wary of this attitude — for there are some forms of jealousy which are motivated by loving concern and by the pain of seeing a loving elationship threatened

Paul felt this when writing to the Corinthians as he saw them threatened by false apostles, for he wrote: "I am jealous for you with a godly jealousy I am afraid . . . that your minds may somehow be led astray from your sincere and pure devotion to Christ" (II Corinthians 11:2-3). In this form, jealousy can hardly be described as sinful, for it is based upon love, intends to be constructive, and facilitates frank communication.

For the state of the Nation go talk to taxi drivers!



At the launching of "Can God Survive in Australia?", (l. to r.) John Waterhouse (Albatross Books), The Archbishop, who launched the book, the Most Rev. Donald Robinson and the author, Bruce Wilson. - Photo Ramon Willia

The author of a new book, "CAN GOD SURVIVE IN AUSTRALIA?" the Rev. Bruce Wilson, suggested one way to ascertain what people are thinking, and the state of the Nation, is to talk to taxi drivers! Another suggestion was to study the style of art which is considered acceptable, by ociety, these days.

Both suggestions were made for those "inside the Church" who should be aware of what is happening "outside the church". This is primarily what this book

At the book's launching, the Archbishop of Sydney, the Most Rev. Donald Robinson stated that the Church could be blind to what is happening all

"I don't agree with everything said in ri don't agree with everything said in this book," said the Archbishop, "Its taste and detail may not please those deeply involved in Christian activities, such as the Festival of Light."

However, this book will bring out serious discussion and thought from those who would not agree with the author. Bruce Wilson has tried to respond to what is happening around us. Many readers will find this book interesting, especially because of the surveys it contains. People inside, as well as outside, the Church in Australia should

serious discussion amongst many levels of society, according to the Archbishop.

The author, Bruce Wilson told of his appreciation for taxi drivers. "They are airly typical Australians. They do not go in for Church 'and all that stuff'. We in the Christian Community should be listening to them," said Mr. Wilson.

"We can be so locked-in to the Christian Community and lose sight of what is happening out there."

John Waterhouse, representing the publisher "Albatross Books", hoped that many will read "CAN GOD SURVIVE IN AUSTRALIA?". It certainly will be quoted far and wide, according to Mr.

"Bruce has the ability to tune in to what is happening. Bruce is listening to what is being said, both inside and outside the Church. Even current elevision programmes are dealt with, in detail.

"We trust the book will meet its bold intentions!" said John Waterhouse, who also hoped its sale would surpass all expectations. There is no summing-up in the book,

as it leaves every reader free to form their own conclusions and courses of action.

Ramon Williams

you think you can handle low pay, appalling conditions, long hours and sweat in an overseas country give us a call. It is no holiday! But you will have the satisfaction of knowing you are one of the few people in the world getting their hands dirty really helping the suffering ... like Jesus, out there actually touching the needy. Helping to feed,

will talk. Long term or short term. Maybe you can't go overseas. We can use communicators, prayers and office

clothe, build, heal. Whatever your work background or employment status we

re in Australia - people who can volunteer some time

International Christian Aid is dedicated to attempting the imp International Christian Air is dedicated to attempting the impossible. When no other air agency or government could help the needy Karamoja tribe in Uganda ICA undertook to resettle and rehabilitate the entire tribe of 120,000 people. And so far we are winning. The same goes for Portugal, Thailand. Kenya and many other places. We are achieving the impossible because our God is greater than the obstacles. But there is so much more to be done – Join us, in whatever full-time or voluntary part-time capacity you can. time capacity you can

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Lausanne Literature



Bishop Jack Dain (right), the General Co-ordinator of the L.C.W.E. (Lausanne Committee for World Evangelization) with some of the booklets and material which have been produced from the consultations in Lausanne and Pattaya. Plans for further consultation ere revealed at this special meeting in Sydney, of those interested or involved in the

Church and School build together

great thanksgiving and rejoicing for St. Clement's Church Mosman, and the Mosman Preparatory School. It saw the culmination of over five years planning and negotiating when the redeveloped Parish Hall complex and a new classroom block were opened and dedicated.

A Service of Thanksgiving attended by about 700 people was held in the Church at which His Grace the Archbishop of Sydney, the Most Rev. Donald Robinson unveiled a plaque

The history of the Parish of St. Clement's, Mosman goes back to 1888. The Mayor of Mosman, Alderman B. S. J. O'Keefe, Q.C., made the following ents when commending the building appeal: "The Parish of St. Clement's is older than the Municipality of Mosman itself, whilst the present Church and the Mosman Preparatory School are almost as old. Parish, Church and School have all become integral parts of the social fabric of Mosman."

The Mosman Prep. School was founded in 1904, using the building and grounds of St. Clement's. It has remained on the site ever since, and is an integral part of the Parish as a whole. It currently nt of just over 200 pupils

and there is a long waiting list of applicants.

The Rector of St. Clement's, the Rev. Victor Roberts, and the Headmaster of the School, Mr. Ian Begbie, are keen to see a close and harmonious relationship continued, so that both Church and School will be used to bring glory to Christ through the teaching and application of the Word of God in church and school alike

The total cost of the building project was approximately \$700,000. The way this amount is being met further illustrates the closeness of the Church and School nunities. The School is contributing ximately \$300,000, the Church \$150,000 and a capital grant from the Commonwealth Schools Commission o \$230,000 makes up the balance. All the work done is vested in the Diocesan Church Property Trust and so belongs to the Church; the School has a lease which gives it security of tenure for 50 years.

The whole building programme provides both Church and School with a most comprehensive, versatile and modern facility that will provide their needs well into the next century in a most pleasing and appropriate style

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The Australian **Christian Book** of the Year Awards, 1983

Awards for Christian books by Australian authors and publishers in Australia

These awards are being made annually for original books written by Australians and published by Australian publishing

Each of the ACLS Annual awards will consist of a suitable certificate presented to the publisher, with a cash award ogether with an inscribed certificate for the author. Extra supplementary awards may be made. If in the opinion of the judges no entry meets the standards cted, no award will be made

In 1983 the following are offered for ooks published between 1st April, 1982 and 31st March, 1983. 1. The Australian Christian Book of the

- Year Award for a book intended for any age group.
- 2. An award for the best children's book, including those written for younger
- . An award for the best designed book A panel of judges selected by the council of ACLS will assess the entries. Special judges will assist with the children's and design awards. Books entered in the children's and design categories are also eligible for the Australian Book of the Year Award.

This year's entries should be submitted by May 15th. Nominated titles will be limited to four books by any one

Entries should be sent with three copies of each book to ACLS, C/- Ridley College, Parkville, Vic. 3052. There is no

Dean speaks out on marijuana

The Dean of Sydney, the Very Rey, Lance Shilton, in his weekly radio broadcast o 2UE Sydney recently spoke out against marijuana. He said:

Again it has reared its ugly head. Now the Federal Health Minister, Dr. Blewett, has gone along with the proposal that home-grown marijuana be decriminalised.

Obviously there are strong promarijuana pressure groups trying to change the law to make it easier for lves and others to act

When Dr Harlin R Jones visited Australia in 1977 he said, "I do not know how well your pro-cannabis forces are organised but I see them following the organised but I see them following the same pattern of propaganda as they used to in the U.S. at the beginning of the drug movement. The strongest voices came from the academic community. People from within our universities, medical schools, health organisations formally declared cannabis harmless. I see the same thing here, but this is incredible in view of the fact that since our drug movement commenced in 1964 there is now overwhelming evidence for physical and mental harm from cannabis use. Today no reputable scientist in the United States declares cannabis to be harmless."

While those who take drugs are not deterred by legal restraint, new users are restrained. The decriminalisation of the use of marijuana will increase its use. In 1974 Oregon became the first State to relax its cannabis law. An official survey made for 1975-1977 showed the use of cannabis increased from 46% to 62% in the 18-19 year old segment of the

Decriminalisation will not deal with illegal trafficking nor stop organised

Because a large number of people

MARANATHA!

"Put the man right."

A man was helping his son to learn some geography. He cut a world map out of a magazine and divided it up like a jigsaw He was very surprised that his son was able to put all the pieces together so quickly.

His son told him the secret. "On the back of the page is a picture of a man, it was easy to put him back together, then I carefully turned it over and the world

"Put the man right and the world will be right."

How often in these days we look out at the world we live in and think "what a mess", or our own society and we despair, "is there any solution to our

Perhaps the boy with his jigsaw inadvertently has at least part of the answer; "put the man right and then the world will be O.K."

There is not a lot I can do to solve world problems, but I can contribute to solving the problems I cause, and the hardships people close to me face.

It should be no surprise that the world is in a mess. In fact ever since Adam and Eve put themselves first before God, sin and trouble has been part and parcel of life on planet earth.

There will be a day when God will right all injustices and will establish a new order of things, where things will be right. That is a great prospect, and to be part of it a person needs to turn back to God by trusting in Jesus Christ now.

In the meantime God will change those who turn to Him so that their lives will be of use to others; so that the problems they cause maybe righted, the hardships others face maybe shared.

It's got to start with each one of us: -"put the man right and then the world will be right" needs to become "put me right Lord, then help me to do my part in changing my world."

Since God is going to be for a man who trusts Him, who genuinely seeks to change and follow His ways, then we can be sure that He will help him live like that

already break the law does not provide a good reason for changing it. Many people break the speed limit, but the law remains

Some argue that tobacco and alcohol are drugs but there are no criminal sanctions against those who use them. But already we know what harmful effects these drugs are having upon the community and how easily you become hooked on them. Why add to the evils? Some are so anxious to be consistent there may be a good case for criminalising the use of tobacco and

There was a time when it could be reasonably assumed that what was legally right was morally right. But now with the practice of abortion and the efforts to decriminalise homosexual behaviour, it can no longer be assumed that what is legal is moral. We are fast reaching the point where young people on most issues could not be blamed for thinking that what is legally right is morally right Surely the law has a responsibility of upholding certain standards and protecting the young from being led astray by peer pressure or even by general community acceptance.

The great pity about all this is that so many in our dull materialistic society are looking for "highs" to escape the boredom and frustration of selfish living. Marijuana, like any other drug, provides a

The person who trusis God and who has experienced the living presence of Christ finds satisfying relief and does not look for substitutes. My advice is let Christ fill your life. Call upon His strength an He will make your life worth living and He will protect you from drugs

MAY 16, 1983



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Ministerial Report: Religion in Education in NSW Government Schools. TIME FOR ACTION

In our April 4 issue we published an Editorial — Please Minister — in which we took the Government of N.S.W. to task for not acting In our April 4 issue we published an Editorial — Please Minister — in which we took the Government of N.S.W. to task for not acting on a Report received by the Minister for Education in November 1980 and released to the public during 1981. The Editorial caused quite a reaction and we decided that the issue was important enough to follow up in detail. Since then we have researched the matter further and we have tried to speak to both the Minister of Education, the Opposition spokesman on Education, an Independent member of the N.S.W. Parliament and a representative of the Inter-Church Consultative Commission on Religious Education in Schools. We are more than ever convinced that this is a matter that requires urgent attention. Because the Report was published two years ago and was not widely circulated we have included on page 3 a summary of some of its important features.

The Situation

1776 1777

In 1975 the Minister for Education in the then Liberal Government established a Committee to look at Religion in Schoo There were a number of reasons for this action. Not only was the relevant Act out of date — hopelessly so — but there was also something else. A crisis had developed in the schools. Churches could not supply enough teachers, classes were being minded, teachers were unhappy. Yet, when the facts were gathered many were very encouraged by what was happening and by the level of commitment of both Church and school to Special Religious Instruction.

As a result, the Committee worked to provide a series of recommendations which would deal with the situation and provide guidelines and assistance to both Church and School.

When the Report was first released neetings were held for those responsible for religious education - especially for clergy of all denominations. As a result of these discussions reports went back to the Minister indicating that there were no problems with the Special Religious Education proposals — all the Churches were in full agreement with them — but that there had not been enough discussion on the General Religious Education proposals. The Minister was asked to deal with the matter promptly. That was almost two years ago. Since then very little has happened. The Churches both together and individually have written to the Minister often - but to no avail. Discussions, they were told,

Important

Mr. Pickard, now the Oppositio spokesman on education, was involved with the setting up of the Committee. He s under no doubt that the matter is of vital importance. He told the Church Record, "There is no possibility of any school in the western tradition teaching general subjects such as English or result, he suggested, we needed to teach children properly about their religious concepts". As a result, he suggested, we needed to teach children properly about their religious heritage. "Regardless of whether we like it or not!" he told us, "we are still built upon ludar (Christian moral and upon Judaic/Christian moral and eligious principles and therefore until uch time as society says it wants to be a different based society, then the school must be an instrument preparing people for society. It must give sound and solid interpretations of the value system that underlies our society." He said, emphatically, "We have a responsi to teach Christian values through Religious Education in schools.

Mr. lim Cameron also told the Record that he strongly supported any recommendations which would cause the matter of religious instruction in schools to be taken seriously, "It is a, tragedy," he said, "that the authorities have already allowed so much water to flow under the bridge."

Why no action?

Why has so little happened for 21/2 years? Mr. P. Pickard was critical of the Government's attitudes. He suggested that there was a conflict within the Labor Party and within the Department, between those who favour Christian teaching in the schools and those who oppose any form of religious intrusion in the school. He suggested that they were, therefore against the original Act. He said, "The original Act, when the Churches handed over their schools in the past. guaranteed freedom of access of religious educators. Now many in the Labor Party - in fact it's in their policy statement — want a complete separation of Church and State. The result is no action - they just don't want to put their hand into that nest of adders"

Mr. Pickard, however, was also very critical of the Churches for failing to act. He said "I believe that they are relinquishing their trust if they wait so long to force the issue to be decided." He made it clear that he would welcome an approach from the Churches and would be more than happy to raise it on their

Church inactivity

The Australian Church Record raised this matter with Canon Allan Langdon, a member of the original Committee and spokesman for the Inter-Church Consultative Commission. We suggested that it was wrong that more positive action had not been taken on the matter. We asked why it had been necessary for the Church Record to take the matter up with the Opposition spokesman and turn it into a political issues. Canon Langdon told us

"The members of the Inter-Church Consultative Commission are educators qualified to contribute to the R.E. Report through their representation on the Ministerial Committee of Enquiry. However, we are politically naive; we have relied on friendly correspondence ersation with the mi on the logic of the case set out in the R.E. Report itself and in our subsequen



Apparently what is needed is not merely the widespread public suppo which the R.E. Report received but widespread public aggitation for its implementation. As a Commission we have obviously contributed to the frustration we are now experiencing. On the one hand we employed an honorar R.E. consultant whose work has improve the situation in many schools, but this would appear to have been politically unproductive in reducing the pressure for action from within the schools which lay.

behind the setting up of the Committee of Enquiry in the first place. On the other hand, many of the critical problems still facing S.R.E. in many high schools could be solved or at least relieved by implementing the Report's Recommendations and during the past two years our Commission has discouraged parents and church people urging political action by assuring them that we were representing their interests with the Department and the Minister.

Consensus

In a recent letter the Minister stated that, "the Government wishes to ensure that consensus opinion has been reached on the important issues raised by the Report before any decisions are made regarding its recommendations." In a reply to that Canon Langdon said,

"The Minister has said he wants

"The Minister has said he wants consensus. If what he means is unanimity that is an impossible aim as there will always be some teachers, parents and others opposed to religion in any form anywhere. There is ample evidence of consensus in the sense of general reement about the S.R.E. of the others also. Further discussion of the G.R.E. Recommendations for secondary schools may be needed but there is no obstacle to endorsing the Report in general and the S.R.E. Recommendations in particular with far reaching benefit for the whole public

Minister for Education

The Church Record has sought an interview with the Minister for Education The Hon. R. J. Mulock ever since our Editorial was published. We have been insuccessful. The minister has said that he wants to speak with us and has promised to do so. However, at the noment, he believes that there are proposals which he needs to study before answering our list of questions. As we went to press, he provided us with a statement. In it he said:

"Comments on the Report were accepted up to January, 1982.

Analysis of the comments revealed that of the 189 responses from groups and individuals, the majority of those religious backgrounds supported the recommendations.

Submissions from four major bodies concerned with education and schools expressed serious reservation and/or opposition to some of the recommendations. The opposition of these bodies, FOSCO, Federation of P. & C. Associations, the N.S.W. Teachers Federation and the Anti-Discrimination Board, appears to make a consensus decision on future directions difficult.

Discussions with the Inter-Church Consultative Commission revealed that it favoured those recommendations which could be implemented without legal change, or resource provision and without causing dissent. It proposed that other areas be the subject of further investigation. It seems clear that any move should be a gradual one, taking into account the views of interest groups

Moore College

Library

Continued on page 2

Corrie ten Boom a life remembered and respected



Corrie ten Boom died peacefully on her 91st birthday, April 15th, at her hon Placentia, California, U.S.A. A small private funeral was conducted Friday April 22nd

Miss ten Boom had suffered her first troke August 23, 1978, with a second stroke experienced on May 30, 1979.

During her life she lived quietly in Haarlem, Holland, as a watchmaker, until World War II. Her family, being active Christians, soon became involved in protecting Jews being persecuted by the

Caught and arrested, the ten Boom Boom's father and sister died during this

Miss ten Boom experienced the "hell" known as Ravensbruck. For almost a year she lived, and maintained her faith, in this infamous concentration camp.

Upon her release she worked amongst the victims of war in Holland and established a refuge for them. This was the commencement of her own work and she became known as "a tramp for the Lord". For 30 years she travelled the world, visiting more than 60 countries, telling of her own experiences and the Lord's faithfulness during her

As an author, she wrote 18 books. Sales of over 7 million copies have indicated something of their popularity. Her most famous book, "THE HIDING PLACE", was made into a motion picture in 1975 and was also translated into several languages.

A new film, "JESUS IS VICTOR" is claimed "to take a quiet look back at her victorious life, from her time spent as a Nazi prisoner, to her closing years. It shows how faith in Jesus gave her hope in hard times and touched everyone she met. It's an inspiration for both young and old" (Fact & Faith/Challenge Films)

A memorial missionary fund has been established in her mer

Ramon Williams